



## Horn of Africa – Complex Emergency

**SEPTEMBER 30, 2023** 

### SITUATION AT A GLANCE

## 60 MILLION

People Needing Assistance in Ethiopia, Kenya, and Somalia in 2023

UN - June 2023

1.5

People Projected to Face Acute Food Insecurity from October to January in Kenya

IPC - September 2023

4.3

MILLION

People Projected to Face Acute Food Insecurity from October to December in Somalia

IPC - September 2023

4.4

MILLION

Internally Displaced Persons in Ethiopia

IOM - June 2023

1.6

Refugees and Asylum-Seekers Hosted by Ethiopia, Kenya, and Somalia

UNHCR – September 2023

- Approximately 4.4 million people were internally displaced across Ethiopia as of June, a 40 percent increase from January, the UN reports. USAID/BHA supported the delivery of multi-sector assistance to 365,000 IDPs across the county between January and August.
- Food security is projected to improve in Kenya and deteriorate slightly in Somalia, as drought recovery continues. FEWS NET projects that populations in both countries may face negative effects from El Niñorelated heavy rainfall and flooding.
- Conflict in Somalia's Galmudug State has displaced more than 8,000 people and further deteriorated critical WASH infrastructure, the UN reports.



TOTAL U.S. GOVERNMENT HUMANITARIAN FUNDING	USAID/BHA <sup>1</sup>	\$1,470,844,438
For the Horn of Africa Response in FY 2023	State/PRM <sup>2</sup>	\$225,994,762
For complete funding breakdown with partners, see detailed chart on page 5.	Total	\$1,696,839,200

USAID's Bureau for Humanitarian Assistance (USAID/BHA)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> U.S. Department of State's Bureau of Population, Refugees, and Migration (State/PRM)

### **KEY DEVELOPMENTS**

## Ethiopia's IDP Population Increased by 40 Percent Between January and June

Nearly 4.4 million people remain internally displaced across Ethiopia, according to the latest International Organization for Migration (IOM) national displacement assessment, completed in June. The figure represents a 40 percent increase since the previous countrywide assessment in January. Conflict displaced 66 percent of the internally displaced persons (IDPs) assessed, while 18 percent of displaced people cited drought as the primary driver. Oromia, Somali, and Tigray regions collectively hosted nearly 80 percent of IDPs in Ethiopia as of late June. In response to the ongoing needs of displaced households, IOM and 18 nongovernmental organization (NGO) partners provided multipurpose cash, shelter, and water, sanitation, and hygiene (WASH) assistance to more than 365,000 displaced people across Ethiopia—including in Afar, Amhara, Benishangul-Gumuz, Oromia, Somali, and Tigray regions—between January and August with support from USAID/BHA and other donors.

## El Niño-Related Flooding Forecast in Kenya Amid Continued Improvements to Food Security

An estimated 1.5 million people are projected to face Crisis—IPC 3—or worse levels of acute food insecurity in Kenya between October 2023 and January 2024, according to a September IPC analysis.<sup>3</sup> This projection indicates a nearly 70 percent decrease in the number of people facing Crisis or worse levels of acute food insecurity—from 4.4 million people according to February IPC analysis—due to above-average rainfall during the March-to-May long rains and a subsequent successful harvest across most of the Arid and Semi-Arid Lands (ASALs) region. The October-to-December short rains are forecasted to further regenerate water resources in the country and contribute to an above-average harvest in December. However, households across the ASALs remain vulnerable to shocks—such as damaging flash floods, high staple food prices, and rising inflation—that contribute to persistent food insecurity, the IPC Technical Working Group reports. In addition, the Famine Early Warning Systems Network (FEWS NET) projects an above-average El Niño weather pattern—the unusual warming of sea surface temperatures across the Pacific Ocean occurring every two to seven years—for the East Africa region, which will likely result in heavy rainfall and possible flooding in drought-affected areas of Kenya during the October-to-December short rains. Heavy rainfall and subsequent flooding could displace populations, contribute to disease outbreaks in humans and livestock, and destroy crops, dwellings, and infrastructure.

# One-Quarter of Somalia's Population Projected to Face Acute Food Insecurity Through December

An estimated 4.3 million people—approximately 25 percent of the population—in Somalia are projected to experience Crisis or worse levels of acute food insecurity between October and December due to the lingering effects of drought, forecasted flooding, reduced funding for humanitarian assistance, and persistent insecurity, according to a September IPC analysis. The report marks an approximately 600,000 person increase in the total number of individuals experiencing Crisis or worse levels of acute food insecurity compared to the IPC's August-to-September analysis. Of this total, approximately I million people are likely to face Emergency—IPC 4—outcomes. However, the report assesses that food security will likely improve in some pastoral areas of the country during the projection period, as above-average rainfall during the October-to-December *deyr* rainy season is expected to improve pasture

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The Integrated Food Security Phase Classification (IPC) is a multi-partner initiative that developed a standardized scale to classify the severity and magnitude of food insecurity. The IPC scale, which is comparable across countries and time, ranges from Minimal—IPC I—to Famine—IPC 5—for acute food insecurity.

conditions and water availability, leading to increased livestock sales and milk consumption. Despite the anticipated improvements, the IPC analysis projects that income-earning opportunities for IDP populations may remain insufficient to cover food costs. The scale of drought-related livestock losses and resultant high debt levels in central and coastal pastoral areas may significantly hinder livestock recovery, limiting access to food and income.

Additionally, relief actors anticipate El Niño-induced heavy rainfall and associated flooding will offset the benefits of the forecasted above-average *deyr* rainy season and may result in large-scale displacement and disruption to agricultural livelihoods, the UN reports. El Niño-related flooding could affect 1.2 million people and 3.7 million acres of land, according to the UN Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO). FAO's El Niño Mitigation, Preparedness, and Response Plan, released in August, targets communities in ten districts along the Juba and Shabelle rivers in southern Somalia with early warning and flood preparedness and mitigation support for the August-to-December period. The plan prioritizes internally displaced communities, who already face acute food insecurity and limited access to livelihoods and services, for El Niño response and recovery activities.

# Conflict-Affected Populations in Somalia's Galmudug State Experience Displacement and Rising WASH Needs

Security operations by Government of Somalia (GoS) military forces seeking to regain territory from al-Shabaab—a non-state armed group operating in East Africa—resulted in the displacement of more than 8,000 people from Galmudug State's Celbuur District in August, the Office of the UN High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) reports. Nearly two decades of protracted conflict in Celbuur has led to high levels of displacement and the destruction of WASH infrastructure, according to the WASH Cluster—the coordinating body for humanitarian WASH activities, comprising UN agencies, NGOs, and other stakeholders. Drought has further contributed to displacement in Galmudug due to the loss of pastoral livelihoods. Moreover, the WASH needs of conflict-affected and displaced populations in the central and eastern parts of Galmudug are outpacing available humanitarian assistance, according to the WASH Cluster. Crowding in IDP settlements in Celbuur has exacerbated shortages of safe drinking water and strained already insufficient sanitation services. More than 80 percent of IDP sites in Celbuur do not have a water source, and some sites have only one latrine per 80 people, the WASH Cluster reports. Although humanitarian actors in the region are expanding response activities, significant needs remain unmet throughout Galmudug, particularly in hard-to-reach areas where GoS-led security operations continue.

### **KEY FIGURES**

## **U.S. GOVERNMENT RESPONSE**



13

USAID/BHA partners providing food assistance across Ethiopia, Kenya, and Somalia

## **FOOD SECURITY**

To address acute food insecurity in the Horn of Africa, USAID/BHA supports 13 partners in Ethiopia, Kenya, and Somalia to provide emergency food assistance—including U.S.-sourced pulses, sorghum, vegetable oil, and wheat—to populations in greatest need. USAID/BHA partners in the region also provide cash transfers to food-insecure households, enabling them to purchase food from local markets where available.



I 4

USAID/BHA partners providing health services to vulnerable communities in Ethiopia and Somalia



9

USAID/BHA partners providing nutrition assistance across Ethiopia, Kenya, and Somalia



13

USAID/BHA partners providing protection services to droughtaffected communities in the Horn of Africa



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USAID/BHA partners providing WASH support to vulnerable populations

### **HEALTH**

USAID/BHA supports 11 NGOs and three UN agencies to improve access to health care services across Ethiopia and Somalia. USAID/BHA partners provide medical supplies, support mobile health units, and train community health workers to address urgent health needs, often integrated with nutrition and WASH programming. In addition, State/PRM partners support essential health interventions for asylum-seekers, refugees, and other vulnerable populations in Ethiopia, Kenya, and Somalia.

#### **NUTRITION**

USAID/BHA partners are leading efforts to prevent and treat wasting—the deadliest form of malnutrition—across Ethiopia, Kenya, and Somalia. Working with 15 NGOs and four UN agencies, USAID/BHA supports community-centered and evidence-based programs aimed at decreasing malnutrition-related illnesses and mortality by strengthening prevention efforts, as well as the identification and treatment of wasting, particularly among children and pregnant and lactating women. USAID/BHA nutrition partners in Ethiopia, Kenya, and Somalia implement life-saving nutrition services within the national health systems and integrate nutrition assistance with food security, health, livelihood, and WASH interventions to prevent excess mortality and improve resilience among drought-affected households.

#### **PROTECTION**

While partners integrate protection concerns into all USAID/BHA- and State/PRM-supported activities, USAID/BHA is also supporting 13 implementing partners responding to conflict- and drought-generated protection needs across the Horn of Africa. Partners are expanding gender-based violence (GBV) case management support, training social workers and community-based case workers, and providing dignity kits—containing items to address the specific needs of women and girls—to GBV survivors. Implementing partners are also providing mental health and psychosocial support services to conflict-affected communities in the region. In addition, State/PRM supports implementing partners in Ethiopia, Kenya, and Somalia to provide protection services to IDPs and refugees .

#### **WASH**

USAID/BHA and State/PRM support WASH programming throughout the Horn of Africa to prevent communicable disease outbreaks and acute malnutrition in children and mothers. State/PRM continues to reach IDPs and refugees with critical WASH activities, such as supporting UNHCR with the rehabilitation of boreholes in Ethiopia's Somali and Southern Nations, Nationalities, and Peoples (SNNP) regions. In addition, USAID/BHA supports four UN agencies and 25 NGO partners providing critical WASH assistance, including conducting hygiene awareness sessions, providing safe drinking water to people in need, and rehabilitating water systems destroyed by conflict. USAID/BHA partners are also training local health workers to prevent and treat suspected cholera cases in their communities

#### **CONTEXT IN BRIEF**

- Populations across Ethiopia, Kenya, and Somalia struggle with a confluence of recurring climatic shocks,
  widespread food insecurity, and reduced access to livelihoods. These ongoing challenges, exacerbated by
  persistent conflict and resultant displacement, contribute to sustained humanitarian needs and ongoing
  complex emergencies. USG humanitarian assistance is designed to remain flexible and respond to needs
  as they arise, providing support to crisis-affected populations across the Horn of Africa.
- USAID/BHA continues to respond to acute needs resulting from persistent dry weather in parts of
  Ethiopia, Kenya, and Somalia, with five consecutive seasons of poor rainfall between 2020 and 2022
  leading to the most severe drought on record in the Horn of Africa in the last 70 years. Critical water
  shortages in drought-affected areas have significantly undermined livestock conditions, livelihoods, and
  food security. The legacy USAID Office of Food for Peace and legacy USAID Office of U.S. Foreign
  Disaster Assistance responded to heightened food and nutrition needs resulting from drought in Ethiopia
  between 2015 and 2018, as well as drought in Kenya and Somalia between 2016 and 2018.
- Intercommunal conflicts in Ethiopia have generated displacement, exacerbated humanitarian needs, and
  impeded humanitarian access since 2018. In Somalia, ongoing conflict—related to al-Shabaab attacks and
  resultant military operations, as well as intercommunal violence—continues to contribute to
  displacement and food insecurity, while restricting access to livelihoods. Sustained life-saving assistance,
  coupled with interventions aimed at building resilience, is critical to help conflict-affected households
  meet their basic needs and rebuild assets.
- On October 28, 2022, U.S. Chargé d'Affaires Tracey Ann Jacobson renewed the declaration of humanitarian need (DHN) for Ethiopia for FY 2023 to assist vulnerable populations adversely affected by armed conflict and climatic shocks, including the ongoing drought. On October 19, 2022, U.S. Ambassador Margaret C. Whitman renewed the DHN for Kenya for FY 2023 due to the drought-driven complex emergency. On October 11, 2022, U.S. Ambassador Larry E. André renewed the DHN for Somalia for FY 2023 in response to the ongoing complex emergency, including climatic shocks and protracted conflict.

### USG HUMANITARIAN FUNDING FOR THE HORN OF AFRICA RESPONSE IN FY 2023 1,2,3,4,5

IMPLEMENTING PARTNER	ACTIVITY	LOCATION	AMOUNT
FUNDING IN ETHIOPIA FOR THE HORN OF AFRICA RESPONSE			
	USAID/BHA		
Action Against Hunger/USA (AAH/USA)	Health, Nutrition, WASH	Oromia, Somali	\$2,500,000
CARE	Agriculture; Health; Multipurpose Cash Assistance (MPCA); Nutrition; Protection; WASH	Oromia, Somali	\$8,500,000
	Food Assistance-U.S. In-Kind Food Aid	Countrywide	\$67,229,981
Catholic Relief Services (CRS)	Agriculture, Food Assistance–Cash Transfers for Food	Countrywide	\$15,352,413
Concern Worldwide	Nutrition, WASH	Somali	\$2,230,000

Development for Peace Organization	Shelter and Settlements	Somali	\$499,999
Ethiopian Catholic Church Social and Development Commission Branch Office of Harar (ECC-SDCO-Harar)	WASH	Oromia	\$1,000,000
Ethiopian Red Cross Society (ERCS)	Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Oromia	\$2,111,463
Fayyaa Integrated Development Organization (FIDO)	Nutrition, Protection, WASH	Benishangul Gumuz	\$1,000,000
Food For The Hungry (FH)	Agriculture, WASH	Benishangul Gumuz	\$1,000,000
GOAL	Health, Nutrition, Protection, WASH	Afar, Oromia, SNNP, Somali	\$8,000,000
International Medical Corps (IMC)	Health, Nutrition, Protection, WASH	Oromia	\$6,000,000
iMMAP	Humanitarian Coordination, Information Management, and Assessments (HCIMA); Humanitarian Policy, Studies, Analysis, or Applications	Countrywide	\$500,000
IOM	HCIMA, Health, MPCA, Nutrition, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$21,000,000
Initiative for Pastoralists Communication (IPC)	Agriculture	Amhara, Oromia, Sidama, SNNP	\$2,000,000
International Rescue Committee (IRC)	Health, Nutrition, Protection, WASH	Oromia, SNNP, Somali	\$9,000,000
Mercy Corps	Health, Nutrition, WASH	Oromia, SNNP, Somali	\$4,000,000
Organization for Welfare and Development in Action (OWDA)	Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Somali	\$499,160
People in Need (PIN)	MPCA, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Oromia, SNNP	\$1,500,000
Plan USA	MPCA, Protection	Oromia	\$2,999,999
Save the Children Federation (SCF)	Agriculture, Health, MPCA, Nutrition, WASH	Oromia, Somali	\$5,000,000
Swiss Church Aid (HEKS)	Agriculture, WASH	Oromia	\$700,000
UN Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO)	Agriculture, HCIMA	Oromia, SNNP, Somali	\$4,000,000
LINI Child	Health, Nutrition, Protection, WASH	Countrywide	\$38,388,616
UN Children's Fund (UNICEF)	Nutrition–U.S. In-Kind Specialized Nutrition Products	Countrywide	\$5,053,479
UN Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA)	HCIMA	Afar, Amhara, Benishangul Gumuz, Oromia, SNNP, Somali, Tigray	\$2,500,000
	Food Assistance, Nutrition	Afar, Amhara, Benishangul Gumuz, Gambela, Oromia, Somali, Tigray	\$63,561,612
UN World Food Program (WFP)	Food Assistance–U.S. In-Kind Food Aid, Nutrition– U.S. In-Kind Specialized Nutrition Products	Afar, Amhara, Benishangul Gumuz, Gambella, Oromia, Sidama, SNNP, Somali, Tigray	\$111,734,877
WHO	Health, Nutrition	Oromia, Somali	\$6,000,000
World Vision	Agriculture, Health, Nutrition, Protection, WASH	Oromia, SNNP	\$5,150,000
Vétérinaires Sans Frontières/Germany (VSF/G)	Agriculture, WASH	Oromia, SNNP, Somali	\$6,000,000
	Program Support		\$98,164
TOTAL USAID/BHA FUNI	DING FOR ETHIOPIA IN FY 2023		\$405,109,764

	STA	ΓE/PRM	
AAH/USA	Health, Nutrition	Gambella	\$1,909,973
Center for Victims of Torture	Health, Protection	Amhara, Gambella	\$3,600,000
DanChurchAid	Nutrition	Afar, Gambella	\$2,000,000
Danish Refugee Council (DRC)	Multi-Sector Assistance	Gambella	\$1,500,000
GOAL	Nutrition	Afar, Gambella	\$1,200,000
IMC	Health, Protection, Nutrition	Gambella, Somali	\$4,000,000
IRC	Protection, WASH	Benishangul-Gumuz	\$2,000,000
IOM	Multi-Sector Assistance	Countrywide	\$1,812,190
Jesuit Refugee Service USA	Health, Protection	Addis Ababa	\$912,882
Medical Teams International	Health	Afar, Amhara	\$2,000,000
Plan USA	Education, Protection	Gambella	\$1,967,275
SCF	Protection	Gambella, Somali	\$2,000,000
UNHCR	Multi-Sector Assistance	Countrywide	\$82,922,201
UN Humanitarian Air Service (UNHAS)	Logistics Support	Countrywide	\$1,350,000
UNICEF	Multi-Sector Assistance	Countrywide	\$4,100,000
UN Population Fund (UNFPA)	Multi-Sector Assistance	Countrywide	\$1,000,000
Implementing Partners	Multi-Sector Assistance	Countrywide	\$49,998
TOTAL STATE/PRM FUNDING	G FOR ETHIOPIA IN FY 2023		\$114,324,519
TOTAL USG FUNDING FOR T	THE HORN OF AFRICA RESPON	SE IN ETHIOPIA IN	\$519,434,283

FUNDING IN KENYA FOR THE HORN OF AFRICA RESPONSE				
USAID/BHA				
AAH/USA	Agriculture, Food Assistance— Cash Transfers for Food, Nutrition, WASH	Isiolo, Mandera	\$7,000,000	
Concern Worldwide	Agriculture, Food Assistance— Cash Transfers for Food, Nutrition, WASH	Marsabit, Samburu, Turkana,	\$9,000,000	
IRC	Agriculture, Food Assistance– Cash Transfers for Food, Nutrition, Protection, WASH	Samburu, Turkana	\$5,000,000	
Kenya Red Cross Society (KRCS)	Food Assistance–Cash Transfers for Food, Nutrition, WASH	Baringo, Turkana, West Pokot	\$7,000,000	
Millennium Water Alliance	WASH	Garissa, Isiolo, Marsabit, Turkana, Wajir	\$2,000,000	
Rural Community Development Agency (RACIDA)	Agriculture, Food Assistance- Cash Transfers for Food, Nutrition, WASH	Mandera	\$9,000,000	
SCF	Agriculture, Food Assistance– Cash Transfers for Food, Nutrition, WASH	Garissa, Wajir	\$9,500,000	
UNICEF	Health, Nutrition	Baringo, Garissa, Isiolo, Kilifi, Mandera, Marsabit, Samburu, Tana River, Turkana, West Pokot, Wajir	\$6,500,000	
U.S. Forest Service (USFS)	HCIMA	Countrywide	\$350,000	
Wajir South Development Association (WASDA)	Agriculture, MPCA, WASH	Wajir	\$3,000,000	
WFP	Food Assistance—Cash Transfers for Food, Nutrition	Baringo, Garissa, Isiolo, Kitui, Mandera, Marsabit, Samburu,	\$110,600,000	

World Vision	Food Assistance–U.S. In-Kind Food Aid Agriculture, Food Assistance– Cash Transfers for Food,	Tana River, Turkana, Wajir Garissa, Isiolo, Kitui, Mandera, Marsabit, Samburu, Tana River, Turkana, Wajir Kitui, Tana River	\$36,508,942 \$7,000,000
	Nutrition, WASH  Program Support		\$63,310
TOTAL USAID/BHA FUNDING FO	5 11		\$212,522,252
	STATE/PR	M	
African Entrepreneurship Collective	Multi-Sector Assistance	Nairobi	\$1,362,695
Finn Church Aid	Education, Protection	Turkana	\$1,800,000
Heshima Kenya, Inc.	Protection	Nairobi	\$199,000
HIAS	Multi-Sector Assistance	Nairobi	\$2,000,000
International Labor Organization	Multi-Sector Assistance	Nairobi, Mombasa	\$2,133,276
IRC	Health, Protection	Garissa, Turkana	\$4,850,000
IOM	Multi-Sector Assistance	Countrywide	\$4,095,453
KRCS	Health, Nutrition, Protection	Garissa, Turkana	\$3,000,000
Lutheran World Federation	Education, Protection	Garissa, Turkana	\$2,500,000
Terres des Hommes Foundation	Protection	Garissa, Turkana	\$1,500,000
UNHAS	Logistics Support	Countrywide	\$865,000
UNHCR	Multi-Sector Assistance	Countrywide	\$30,363,791
Windle International	Education	Garissa, Turkana	\$1,499,977
Implementing Partners	Multi-Sector Assistance	Countrywide	\$24,995
TOTAL STATE/PRM FUNDING FO	R KENYA IN FY 2023		\$56,194,187
TOTAL USG FUNDING FOR THE F	HORN OF AFRICA RESPONSE IN	KENYA IN FY 2023	\$268,716,439

FUNDING IN SOMALIA FOR THE HORN OF AFRICA RESPONSE			
	USAID/BHA		
FAO	Agriculture, Food Assistance, HCIMA, Natural Hazards and Technological Risks	Countrywide	\$108,000,000
IOM	HCIMA, Health, MPCA, Nutrition, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$39,450,000
OCHA	HCIMA	Countrywide	\$2,700,000
LINICEE	HCIMA, Health, Nutrition, Protection, WASH	Countrywide	\$46,268,664
UNICEF	Nutrition Assistance—U.S. In-Kind Specialized Nutrition Products	Countrywide	\$10,127,804
	Food Assistance, Nutrition	Countrywide	\$388,675,000
WFP	Food Assistance–U.S. In-Kind Food Aid, Nutrition	Countrywide	\$68,125,122
WHO	HCIMA, Health	Countrywide	\$2,000,000
Implementing Partners	Food Assistance, Health, HCIMA, Monitoring and Evaluation, MPCA, Nutrition, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$186,664,475
	Logistics Support		\$966,460
	Program Support		\$234,897

TOTAL USAID/BHA FUNDING FOR SOMALIA IN FY 2023		\$853,212,422	
STATE/PRM			
Implementing Partner	Multi-Sector Assistance	Countrywide	\$23,000,000
IOM	Multi-Sector Assistance	Countrywide	\$176,056
UNHCR	Multi-Sector Assistance	Countrywide	\$20,600,000
TOTAL STATE/PRM FUNDING FOR SOMALIA IN FY 2023			\$55,476,056
TOTAL USG FUNDING FOR THE HORN OF AFRICA IN SOMALIA IN FY 2023		\$908,688,478	
TOTAL USAID/BHA FUNDIN	IG FOR THE HORN OF AFRICA RESF	PONSE IN FY 2023	\$1,470,844,438
	IG FOR THE HORN OF AFRICA RESP		\$1,470,844,438 \$225,994,762

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Year of funding indicates the date of commitment or obligation, not appropriation, of funds. Funding figures reflect publicly announced funding as of September 30, 2023.

### **PUBLIC DONATION INFORMATION**

- The most effective way people can assist relief efforts is by making cash contributions to humanitarian organizations that are conducting relief operations. A list of humanitarian organizations that are accepting cash donations for disaster responses around the world can be found at interaction.org.
- USAID encourages cash donations because they allow aid professionals to procure the exact items needed, often in the affected region; reduce the burden on scarce resources, such as transportation routes, staff time, and warehouse space; can be transferred very quickly and without transportation costs; support the economy of the disaster-stricken region; and ensure culturally, dietarily, and environmentally appropriate assistance.
- More information can be found at:
  - o USAID Center for International Disaster Information: cidi.org
  - o Information on relief activities of the humanitarian community can be found at reliefweb.int.

USAID/BHA bulletins appear on the USAID website at usaid.gov/humanitarian-assistance/where-we-work

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Total value of food assistance and associated costs adjusted from estimated to actual values.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> USAID/BHA emergency funding for the Horn of Africa includes funding in both drought and non-drought areas of Ethiopia, as well as emergency funding in drought-affected areas of Kenya and Somalia. Funding specific to the Northern Ethiopia Crisis response can be found in Northern Ethiopia Crisis Fact Sheets. In drought-affected areas across the Horn of Africa, USAID/BHA funding is responding to emergency needs related to drought as well as conflict and other emergency shocks.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> State/PRM funding for the Horn of Africa includes some Northern Ethiopia Response funding.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> State/PRM also provided an additional \$2.5 million in FY 2023 to support Somali refugees in Djibouti, in addition to the total represented in this Fact Sheet.