YEMEN PROGRAMMING APPROACH
2020-2022
INTRODUCTION AND PURPOSE OF THE YPA

The Yemen Programming Approach (YPA) 2020-2022 serves as a framework for USAID development assistance to build a strong foundation for a durable peace. The YPA aligns with U.S. foreign policy priorities and national interests, and is informed by hard lessons forged over the past two decades of development assistance.

USG POLICY CONTEXT FOR YEMEN

A key U.S. policy objective in Yemen is to support a United Nations (UN)-led negotiated political settlement to the conflict. The United States also supports the Republic of Yemen Government (ROYG) as the internationally recognized government and will align assistance to enable the implementation of a resolution to the conflict consistent with U.S. national interests.

Our programming will continue playing a leading role in mitigating the humanitarian crisis, while helping to build a stronger foundation for durable peace by strengthening Yemeni state institutions, the private sector, and processes that meet citizens’ needs and reduce conflict.

JOURNEY TO SELF-RELIANCE (J2SR)

Yemen’s country roadmap shows extremely low scores for commitment and capacity – Social Group Equality (0.12), Business Environment (0.12), Government Effectiveness (0.12), and Education Quality (0.17). The continued conflict in Yemen has destroyed infrastructure, taken systems to the brink of collapse, and continues to weaken the functionality of governance institutions. The Mission will work with the ROYG to adopt the J2SR principles as a model for cooperation and as an analytical tool for programming.

CLEAR CHOICE

The Mission will continue to build on the momentum created by its present programming, strengthening donor and stakeholder engagement to counter malign influences, supporting community-level programming to encourage resiliency, and strengthening the relationship with the ROYG.

PRIVATE SECTOR ENGAGEMENT

USAID/Yemen seeks to encourage the private sector to actively plan for and play a positive and inclusive role in the country’s return to stability. USAID will engage the private sector with three principal goals in mind: 1) collaborate with private sector partners to deliver services, generate employment opportunities, and enhance household incomes; 2) mobilize the private sector to identify constructive economic reforms in the Yemeni cultural context that stand to improve people’s livelihoods; and 3) foster joint advocacy among Yemeni public and private sector officials and donors to institute those reforms.

USAID OBJECTIVES AND GUIDING PRINCIPLES FOR USAID ASSISTANCE TO YEMEN

Throughout the duration of the conflict, and for the likely duration of this strategic outlook, development assistance will complement life saving humanitarian assistance. USAID/Yemen will strengthen development partnerships by: (1) supporting key economic institutions, like the central bank, to prevent further economic deterioration; (2) building the resilience of service providers in sectors like health and education; and (3) working with civil society actors to mitigate conflict. These partnerships will be vital to ensure the country is on a path to self-reliance once the fighting stops. These collective efforts will reduce Yemen’s
reliance on the international humanitarian aid system to meet the basic needs of its population, assuming conflict-parties reach a negotiated political settlement. Based on the current socio-political landscape, the USAID/Yemen program will support the following objectives:

### YPA Goal: A strong foundation for durable peace, conflict prevention, and addressing humanitarian needs.

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**Cross-cutting: Humanitarian Assistance**

### PROGRAMMATIC AREAS OF FOCUS:

**OBJECTIVE 1: IMPROVED DELIVERY AND ACCESS TO SERVICES (OR EARLY RECOVERY)**

Interventions under this objective will focus on access to improved essential services. These activities will provide coping strategies to local partners who share USAID’s development principles and who will need to work across conflict lines when the fighting stops to cooperate on a sub-national level to meet basic health, sanitation, and education needs of the population.

**OBJECTIVE 2: IMPROVED ECONOMIC RECOVERY AND RESILIENCE**

Interventions under this objective will target both macro and micro levels. USAID will provide technical assistance to key stabilizing economic institutions to restore and strengthen key macroeconomic and fiscal functions that can help mitigate and reverse economic collapse; provide support and technical assistance to the trade and customs facilitation authorities to improve the flow of goods within, into, and out of Yemen; and strengthen the performance of targeted sectors and value chains to improve real income and the business enabling environment for enterprises and households.

**OBJECTIVE 3: IMPROVED GOVERNANCE AND SOCIAL COHESION**

Interventions under this objective will strengthen social cohesion and the ability to address grievances at the community level and strengthen the commitment to and implementation of transparency and accountability.

**4. CROSS-CUTTING: HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE**

Yemen is the largest humanitarian crisis in the world, with more people in need of assistance than any other country. For 2019, donors provided nearly $2.7 billion in humanitarian aid. USAID’s contribution from Fiscal Year 2019 to date is over $1.2 billion. USAID will continue to strengthen programmatic coordination and coherence between humanitarian and development objectives and activities.
USAID/YEMEN GUIDING PRINCIPLES:

1. GREATER COLLABORATION, COORDINATION, AND LEARNING

USAID will support interventions at individual, local, regional, and national levels, where appropriate, within each objective. The Mission will build understanding of USAID-funded activities across partners and with other donors, identifying organic, cross-sector linkages to achieve greater impact. Integrated cross-sectoral programming will be concentrated in specific geographic areas where the Mission concludes that synergies add value. Active learning for adaptive management will refine program interventions as well as increase collaboration and coordination.

2. FOCUS ON SUPPORT FOR INDIVIDUAL CITIZENS, LOCAL INSTITUTIONS, AND TARGETED NATIONAL INSTITUTIONS

Project interventions will target and work with individuals. USAID will work with and utilize the existing structures and capacities of national and local institutions that are unlikely to substantially change when controlling authorities change. USAID will look for targeted opportunities at the national level that will have greater systemic impact.

3. GEOGRAPHIC AND SECURITY CONSIDERATIONS WILL DRIVE PROGRAMMING

USAID will respond to humanitarian and development assistance needs in all regions, as long as the operating environment is sufficiently permissive. The Mission will utilize diverse resources, including the local expertise of implementing partners, to deal with challenges posed by the controlling authorities.

4. CONFLICT SENSITIVITY AND DO NO HARM APPROACH

USAID/Yemen will design and implement programs to ensure adherence to do no harm standards.

5. YOUTH/GENDER

Over 39 percent of Yemen’s population is under 15 years old and 69 percent is under age 30. Yemen also has one of the fastest population growth rates in the Middle East and North Africa. Yemen also has high rates of illiteracy (45.9 percent) and youth unemployment. USAID will integrate a Positive Youth Development approach and integrate youth, inclusion, and gender throughout the objectives. Programs will seek to increase youth opportunities to promote inclusion and stability.

6. BURDEN SHARING:

Coordination and support from other humanitarian and development program donors remains central to progress in Yemen. In 2019, donors pledged $2.6 billion in humanitarian aid to Yemen and provided $2.2 million to support the Mission’s development activities. USAID/Yemen will continue to establish and strengthen relationships with bilateral and multilateral donors, including Gulf donors to promote policy alignment, influence decision-making, enhance long-term partnerships and burden-sharing, and increase the efficiency and effectiveness of Agency programming.