TOWARDS BETTER HIV/AIDS SERVICES

Indonesia continues to struggle with HIV and efforts to manage the epidemic have been made more difficult by the COVID-19 pandemic. Together with the United States, Indonesia is committed to managing the epidemic by strengthening HIV service delivery while addressing stigma and discrimination.

With an estimated 540,000 people (adults and children) living with HIV (PLHIV) as of 2020, Indonesia needs to increase its efforts to manage the epidemic, especially since only about 26 percent of PLHIV are on antiretroviral treatment. Aside from barriers in the health system, PLHIV face gender-related and human rights issues that hinder their ability to access quality health services and enjoy a good quality of life.

ADVOCACY FOR IMPROVED HIV/AIDS SERVICE DELIVERY (ADVOCATE4HEALTH)

USAID, through Advocate4Health, works to improve HIV service for those most vulnerable to infection and discrimination. This three-year project aims to increase access to HIV drugs which are more effective and have fewer side effects than before; improve adoption of multi-month dispensing (MMD) (e.g., three or six month supplies) so patients do not have to visit health clinics as often; promote HIV self-testing (HIVST) to reach patients who would not get tested otherwise; and expand the use of
pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) to reduce the chance of HIV infection in higher-risk groups. In addition, Advocate4Health addresses the quality and availability of HIV-related care, support, and treatment, and highlights the equitability, gender-related, and human rights aspects of HIV services.

Advocate4Health’s activities will provide support to nearly 103,000 PLHIV in 13 districts across three Indonesian provinces: DKI Jakarta (North Jakarta, South Jakarta, West Jakarta, Central Jakarta, and East Jakarta), West Java (Bogor City, Bogor District, Depok City, Bekasi City, Bekasi District), and Banten (Tangerang District, Tangerang City, and South Tangerang City).

**ANTICIPATED RESULTS**

Advocate4Health is expected to:

- Provide evidence-based advocacy to district governments for friendlier service delivery to key populations (groups at increased risk of HIV);
- Develop and provide support for the use of community-led monitoring guidelines at the national and district levels;
- Disseminate results of studies on PLHIV’s perceived service quality, quality of care, gender-based violence, and the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on services to the Ministry of Health, provincial and district health offices, provincial and district governments, civil society organizations, health facilities, and PLHIV communities;
- Develop policy briefs and other communication products and host data dissemination meetings with the Ministry of Health, USAID implementing partners, district and provincial health offices, and community representatives; and
- Increase awareness of the latest drug regimens and service delivery models like MMD among PLHIV to help ensure that they continue their treatment.

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