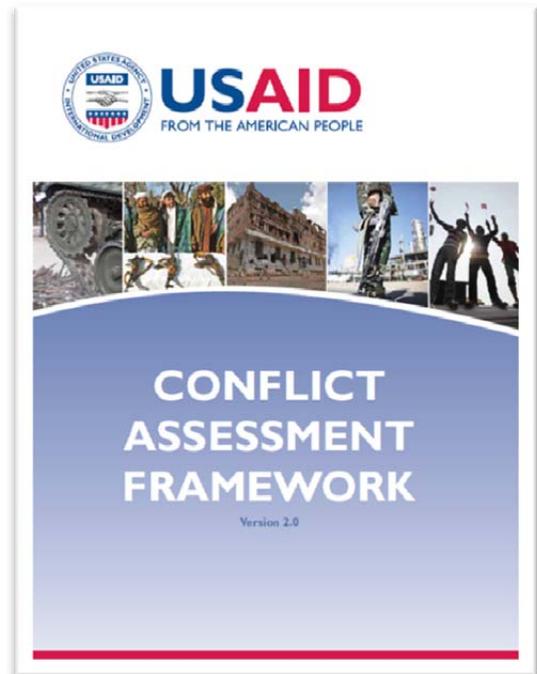


Conflict Assessment Framework 2.0

- **No Single Factor Causes Armed Conflict** – Organized armed conflict emerges in societies through a complex interaction of political, economic, and social factors. USAID's conflict assessment framework organizes the logic and evidence that underlies how interactions between identity groups and institutions create social patterns that fuel grievance that could be mobilized for conflict or, conversely, that build resilience that contributes to peace.
- **When to Assess?** – USAID missions request conflict assessments at the outset of planning processes for a Country Development Cooperation Strategy (CDCS) or at the beginning of a procurement cycle. In general, conflict assessments are recommended for any fragile or conflict-affected country, in situations of escalating violence or significant instability, or in countries in the midst of post-conflict recovery.





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USAID Policy and Programs in the Conflict Space

- **From Analysis to Response** - The USAID conflict assessment framework is designed not only to facilitate rigorous analysis. More than that, it is designed to enable the formulation of recommendations about how to design programs to more effectively achieve development goals while accounting for the causes and consequences of conflict.

- **Assessments in 70 Countries** – The Office of Conflict Management and Mitigation has led USAID conflict assessments in approximately 70 countries worldwide.

- **USAID's Conflict Assessment Framework is available at the Development Experience Clearinghouse (<http://dec.usaid.gov>)**
 - Search for it by entering its document ID in the search box: PNADY739