

6/4/2000

**AFRICAN SUMMIT ON ROLL BACK MALARIA**

**25 April 2000, Abuja, Nigeria**

**The Abuja Declaration on Roll Back Malaria in Africa**

**By the African Heads of State and Government**

We, the Heads of State and Government of the 53 countries of Africa, meeting in Abuja , Nigeria on 25 April, 2000, *Recalling* the Harare Declaration of 2-4 June 1997 on Malaria Prevention and Control in the context of African Economic Recovery and Development, and the subsequent African Initiative for Malaria control in the 21st century which became Roll Back Malaria in Africa in late 1998, *Bearing* in mind other major Declarations on health and development adopted by the Organization of African Unity (OAU), *Recognizing* the disease and economic burden that malaria places on hundreds of millions of Africans and the barrier it constitutes to development and alleviation of poverty, *Taking note* that

- Malaria accounts for about one million deaths annually in Africa,
- Nine out of ten cases of malaria worldwide occur in Africa south of the Sahara,
- Malaria cost Africa more than US\$2 billion in 1997, and can be controlled for a small fraction of that amount,
- Those who suffer most are some of the continent's most impoverished and that malaria keeps them poor,
- A poor family living in malaria affected areas may spend up to 25% or more of its annual income on prevention and treatment,
- Malaria has slowed economic growth in African countries by 1.3% per year as a result of which GDP for African countries is now 37% lower than it would have been in the absence of malaria,

*Considering* that malaria is preventable, treatable and curable, *Acknowledging* the commitment to improving health and promoting well-being of Africa's people from development partners, *Appreciating* the momentum offered by Roll Back malaria movement to help reduce their malaria burden, *Emphasising* that a unique opportunity now exists to reverse the malaria situation in Africa,

**1. REDEDICATE OURSELVES TO:**

The principles and targets of the Harare Declaration of 1997.

**2. COMMIT OURSELVES TO AN INTENSIVE EFFORT TO:**

- i. Halve the malaria mortality for Africa's people by 2010, through implementing the strategies and actions for Roll Back Malaria, agreed at the summit.
- ii. Initiate actions at country level to provide resources to facilitate realization of RBM objectives.
- iii. Work with our partners in malaria-affected countries towards stated targets, ensuring the allocation of necessary resources from private and public sectors and from non-governmental organizations.
- iv. Create an enabling environment in our countries which will permit increased participation of international partners in our malaria control actions.

**3. RESOLVE TO:**

Initiate appropriate and sustainable action to strengthen the health systems to ensure that by the year 2005,

- i. At least 60% of those suffering from malaria have prompt access to and are able to use correct, affordable and appropriate treatment within eight hours of the onset of symptoms.
- ii. At least 60% of those at risk of malaria particularly pregnant women and children under five years of age, benefit from the most suitable combination of personal and community protective

measures such as insecticide treated mosquito nets and other materials to prevent infection and suffering.

- iii. At least 60% of all pregnant women who are at risk of malaria, especially those in their first pregnancies, have access to chemoprophylaxis or presumptive intermittent treatment.

**4. CALL UPON:**

All member states to undertake health systems reforms which will,

- i. Promote community participation in joint ownership and control of Roll Back Malaria actions to enhance their sustainability.
- ii. Make diagnosis and treatment of malaria available as far peripherally as possible including home treatment.
- iii. Make appropriate treatment available and accessible to the poorest groups in the community.

**5. PLEDGE TO:**

*Take immediate actions to:*

- i. Implement in our countries the approved plan of Action attached to this Declaration.
- ii. Develop mechanisms to facilitate the provision of reliable information on malaria to decision-makers at household, community, district and national levels, to enable them take appropriate actions.
- iii. Reduce or waive taxes and tariffs for mosquito nets and materials, insecticides, anti-malarial drugs and other recommended goods and services that are needed for malaria control strategies.
- iv. Allocate the resources required for sustained implementation of planned Roll Back Malaria actions.
- v. Increase support for research (including operational research) to develop new tools and improve existing ones. vi) Commemorate this summit by declaring April 25th each year as Africa Malaria Day.

**6. REQUEST:**

The Regional Committee of the African and East Mediterranean Region to follow up the implementation of this Declaration and report of the OAU regularly.

**7. MANDATE:**

The government of Nigeria to report the outcome of this summit to the next OAU summit for follow up action in conjunction with the United Nations Agencies and other partners.