FACT SHEET

Social, Environmental, and Economic Development Program

Knowledge-based Integrated Sustainable Agriculture and Nutrition (KISAN) Project

USAID’s Knowledge-based Integrated Sustainable Agriculture and Nutrition (KISAN) project works with the Government of Nepal (GoN) to sustainably improve food security and increase incomes through integrated agriculture activities.

Agriculture is the main source of employment for the majority of the population in Nepal, and contributes 38 percent to the gross domestic product. However, Nepal is a food deficit country, importing both cereals and high-value agriculture commodities, and due to an increasing population and slow agricultural growth rates, the situation is not improving. The Mid-Western and Far-Western regions typically have the highest rates of food insecurity, hunger, and nutrient deficiency.

PROJECT OVERVIEW

The KISAN project, part of USAID’s global Feed the Future (FTF) initiative, is a $20 million five-year program working to advance food security objectives by increasing agricultural productivity. Nepal was one of 19 countries chosen for the Presidential FTF Initiative in 2010. KISAN builds the capacity of private sector and community-based organizations to improve the availability of quality farm inputs; increase access to credit, extension and other services; and improve the competitiveness and efficiency of processors and other buyers. In parallel, KISAN facilitates market linkages between farmers and input providers, service providers, and buyers. KISAN engages with a wide range of public, private, and civil society stakeholders including farmers, NGOs, academic and research institutions, businesses and training centers. The project works in close coordination with the GoN’s Ministry of Agricultural Development (MOAD) and is aligned with the other FTF projects in Nepal, including the Cereal System Initiative for South Asia (CSISA) and the Innovation Lab (IL) programs. KISAN collaborates with USAID’s Business Literacy Program – which is increasing the business literacy of 53,000 KISAN beneficiaries – and with USAID’s Suahara project, which is improving the health and nutrition of Nepalis within KISAN’s focus districts.

SNAPSHOT

Life of Project
February 2013 to August 2017

Target
- Focused on 300 VDCs in 20 districts in the West, Mid-West, and Far-West regions.
- Reaching more than 500,000 Nepalis through 100,000 rural households.
- Commodities: Rice, Lentils, Maize, Vegetables.

Annual Highlights from Year 3
- 83,286 farmers trained and now implementing improved agricultural practices and technologies on 60,713 ha.
- Increased yields for rice, maize, lentil and vegetables from 29 to 91 percent.
- $71.8 million in farm-level incremental sales for target commodities.
- Improved gross margins for target commodities by 38 to 160 percent.
- Implemented cost-sharing PPPs with 6 agribusiness targeting 11,600 farmers.
- 12-18% increase in HH level consumption of nutrient rich vegetables.
PROJECT OBJECTIVES

- Improve the availability of and access to quality agricultural inputs including seeds, plant protection chemicals, organic fertilizers, irrigation systems, and credit for farmers
- Improve the capacity of agriculture extension workers, service providers, and farmers to deliver services more efficiently
- Improve the uptake of improved and sustainable agriculture production and post-harvest practices and technologies for targeted cereals and vegetables
- Facilitate market efficiency and farmer access to markets
- Increase the organizational, entrepreneurial, and technical capacity of local organizations, including private sector actors, to better serve farming households

PROJECT ACTIVITIES

- Enhance the agro-input distribution system by building the capacity of private sector input suppliers and other service providers, and by strengthening sustainable supply chain mechanism.
- Improve farm yields by building awareness and promoting the uptake of proven small-scale irrigation and mechanization technologies.
- Work with farmers and farmer groups both directly and through private sector partners to build their understanding of commercial agriculture.
- Support and train private sector and public sector change agents to deliver extension services, disseminate best agribusiness management practices, scale up appropriate technology including irrigation systems, and provide access to credit.
- Support scaling-up of proven agricultural technologies.
- Strengthen rural markets (including collection centers) and improve farmer access to markets.
- Through KISAN's grants program, support agribusinesses involved in mechanization, irrigation, processing, and other areas to expand their customer base, geographic reach, products, and direct and indirect services to farming households.

PLANNED OUTCOMES

- Improve agribusinesses’ capacity to provide technical services and products directly to farmers.
- Improve the efficiency of rural markets and households' access to markets.
- 100,000 households are trained in improved and sustainable agriculture production and post-harvest technologies and practices.
- Ensure that sustainable agriculture productivity technologies and practices are adopted on at least 60,000 hectares of land.
- Facilitate the production of at least 1,000 tons of high quality seed and access to irrigation by more than 940 farmer groups.
- Facilitate access to financial services, including credit, of 80% of project beneficiary households.
- Value of incremental sales: $220 million

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