



Ukraine – Complex Emergency

SEPTEMBER 30, 2023

SITUATION AT A GLANCE

9,701

UN-Confirmed
Civilian Deaths
Resulting From
the Conflict

OHCHR – September 2023

**5.8
MILLION**

Refugees From
Ukraine Recorded
Across Europe

UNHCR – September 2023

**3.7
MILLION**

People Internally
Displaced Across
Ukraine

IOM – September 2023

**17.6
MILLION**

People in Need of
Humanitarian
Assistance in Ukraine

UN – January 2023

**8.3
MILLION**

People Reached With
Humanitarian
Assistance in Ukraine
in 2023

UN – September 2023

- GoR attacks across Ukraine continue to damage critical infrastructure, prompt displacement, and threaten civilians.
- OHCHR recorded more than 550 civilian casualties from September 1 to 24. Explosive weapons with wide area effects contributed to more than 90 percent of the casualties.
- USG partners delivered critical humanitarian assistance to frontline communities through 88 UN-led convoys from January to August.
- In FY 2023, USAID/BHA and State/PRM provided more than \$1.3 billion in emergency assistance to vulnerable populations in Ukraine and neighboring countries.



TOTAL U.S. GOVERNMENT HUMANITARIAN FUNDING

For the Ukraine Response in FY 2023

USAID/BHA¹ \$954,472,631

State/PRM² \$357,892,683

For complete funding breakdown with partners, see detailed chart on page 7

Total \$1,312,365,314

¹ USAID's Bureau for Humanitarian Assistance (USAID/BHA)

² U.S. Department of State's Bureau of Population, Refugees, and Migration (State/PRM)

KEY DEVELOPMENTS

GoR Strikes Continue to Threaten Civilians and Damage Infrastructure

Government of Russia (GoR) forces continue to conduct aerial attacks across Ukraine, resulting in civilian casualties and damage to critical infrastructure. On September 21, GoR forces conducted the first significant aerial attack on energy infrastructure in six months, launching more than 44 missiles—38 of which Ukrainian air defenses intercepted—against energy facilities in Cherkasy, Kharkiv, Kherson, Kyiv, Lviv, and Rivne *oblasts*, according to Government of Ukraine (GoU) officials and international media. The strikes resulted in at least 18 civilian casualties and damaged energy facilities in central and western Ukraine, causing temporary power outages. The UN warns that further attacks targeting power infrastructure and water systems could exacerbate humanitarian needs in advance of the 2023/2024 winter season, which typically begins in October. In late 2022, waves of GoR attacks left millions of people in the country without electricity and water amid harsh winter conditions.

Meanwhile, GoR attacks against frontline areas of eastern and southern Ukraine continue to threaten civilians and prompt widespread displacement. In Kharkiv, a GoR aerial attack against Kupyansk city destroyed a bridge over the Oskil River on September 19, resulting in the deaths of eight civilians, including volunteers who were crossing the bridge to help evacuate civilians, according to international media. Local GoU authorities report that more than 2,000 people had fled Kupyansk *raion* as of late September amid intensified GoR shelling. Among the 3.7 million people displaced across Ukraine, nearly half of the internally displaced persons (IDPs) originated from Donetsk and Kharkiv *oblasts*, where humanitarian needs remain acute due to ongoing hostilities, according to the International Organization for Migration (IOM). The situation is particularly concerning for vulnerable populations—including older people and individuals with disabilities—in Donetsk, Kharkiv, Kherson, Luhansk, Mykolayiv, and Zaporizhzhya *oblasts*, where ongoing attacks often force households to reside in houses with damaged walls, windows, and roofs, the UN Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA) reports. Additionally, displacement sites are often ill-suited for harsh winter conditions; approximately 30 percent of the approximately 2,500 collective centers across Ukraine require some form of repair in advance of the upcoming winter season, according to OCHA.

Between January and August, humanitarian organizations—including USAID/BHA partners—reached an estimated 8.3 million people with life-saving assistance across Ukraine, the UN reports. In August alone, relief actors provided critical protection support to 800,000 women, 50,000 individuals with disabilities, and 275,000 older people. In the coming months, humanitarian actors plan to target 1.7 million people across Ukraine with life-saving winter assistance, according to the OCHA's revised Ukraine Winter Response Plan, which aims to help vulnerable populations cope with harsh winter conditions between October 2023 to March 2024. Overall, USAID/BHA and State/PRM provided more than \$1.3 billion in humanitarian assistance to vulnerable populations in Ukraine and neighboring countries in FY 2023.

GoU Exports Grain Despite GoR Attacks on Port Infrastructure

Since the GoR withdrew from the Black Sea Grain Initiative on July 17, GoR forces have targeted ports along the Black Sea and Danube River in southern Ukraine, launching near-daily attacks against agriculture and grain facilities and destroying at least 280,000 metric tons (MT) of grain as of mid-September, according to international media. For example, GoR forces launched an aerial attack, including missiles and unmanned aerial vehicles (UAVs), against Odesa *Oblast* on the Danube River on September 25. The attack resulted in several civilian casualties and significant damage to port infrastructure in Odesa city. The following day, GoR forces launched another wave of aerial attacks targeting port infrastructure in Odesa and Mykolayiv *oblasts*, resulting in injury to two people and

damage to Odesa's Izmail port.

Amid persistent GoR attacks on agriculture and port infrastructure, the GoU successfully established a temporary corridor in the Black Sea to facilitate the safe export of agricultural goods from Ukraine's ports to world markets. Since the corridor's opening on August 10, seven ships had departed Odesa as of late September, according to the UN. On September 21, a cargo ship carrying 3,000 MT of wheat from Odesa's Chornomorsk port—the first ship carrying grain to transit the corridor—reached Türkiye's Bosphorus Strait en route to Israel, international media report. The next day, a second cargo ship carrying approximately 17,600 MT of grain departed Chornomorsk port for Egypt, successfully reaching the Bosphorus Strait on September 24.

OHCHR Records More Than 550 Civilian Casualties in September

The GoR's full-scale invasion of Ukraine continues to result in widespread civilian deaths and injuries, according to the Office of the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR), which monitors and documents civilian casualties in the country. Between September 1 and 24, the UN agency recorded more than 550 casualties, including 111 civilian deaths and injury to nearly 450 others. Explosive weapons with wide area effects—such as artillery, missiles, and shelling—resulted in more than 90 percent of civilian casualties, while a small number were due to landmines and explosive remnants of war. Approximately 80 percent of casualties occurred in areas controlled by the GoU, while nearly 20 percent occurred in Russia-occupied areas of the country, including Donetsk and Luhansk *oblasts*.

In total, the GoR's full-scale invasion of Ukraine resulted in approximately 27,500 verified civilian casualties—including more than 9,700 deaths and injury to nearly 17,800 others—from February 24, 2022 to September 24, 2023. However, OHCHR notes that actual civilian casualty figures are likely considerably higher due to delayed reporting, particularly in areas of the country that continue to experience persistent conflict. In addition to adverse effects on the broader civilian population, prolonged insecurity continues to pose a significant threat to the safety of humanitarian actors, particularly in frontline areas of the country, according to the UN. Between July and August, more than 30 security incidents affected relief actors' access to conflict-affected populations, the UN reports. During the same period, GoR shelling damaged or destroyed at least six facilities designed for the storage and distribution of humanitarian aid.

USG Partners Deliver Life-Saving Assistance to Frontline Communities Via UN Convoys

The UN continued its efforts to reach vulnerable frontline communities with humanitarian assistance in mid- to late September. On September 15, a UN-led convoy—including USAID/BHA partners IOM and the UN Children's Fund (UNICEF), as well as State/PRM partner the Office of the UN High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR)—delivered medicine, safe drinking water, shelter repair materials, and solar lamps sufficient to support approximately 1,200 people residing in Donetsk's Siversk city, marking the 30th interagency convoy to reach communities in Donetsk in 2023. Many residents of Siversk, located near the front line, are older people with limited access to electricity, water, and other basic services. On September 19, another UN interagency convoy—accompanied by UN Resident and Humanitarian Coordinator for Ukraine Denise Brown and including USAID/BHA partners IOM, UNICEF, and the UN World Health Organization (WHO), as well as State/PRM partner UNHCR—delivered critical medical supplies to Donetsk's Avdiivka city to support primary health care service delivery for conflict-affected people residing close to the front line. In 2023, the UN and its partners coordinated 88 interagency convoys, including six convoys in August alone, to deliver urgently needed humanitarian assistance to conflict-affected populations between January 1 and August 31.

KEY FIGURES



1.2 Million

People in Ukraine reached with USAID/BHA-supported in-kind food assistance via WFP in July 2023



12

USG implementing partners providing MPCA



3.4 Million

People able to receive health care with supplies distributed by USG partner UNICEF in 2023

U.S. GOVERNMENT RESPONSE

FOOD SECURITY

To meet increasing food needs since the GoR invasion, USAID/BHA is supporting the UN World Food Program (WFP) and three international nongovernmental organizations (INGOs) to provide food assistance in Ukraine. WFP continues to prioritize food distributions in eastern and southern Ukraine, where fighting and supply chain disruptions hinder food access for vulnerable populations in frontline areas. During July, WFP reached more than 1.2 million people in Ukraine with in-kind food distributions, including children who received supplementary feeding to prevent malnutrition.

MULTIPURPOSE CASH ASSISTANCE

The U.S. Government (USG) supports the International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC), IOM, UNHCR, WFP, and eight INGOs to provide multi-purpose cash assistance (MPCA). Cash in the form of cash-based transfers and vouchers allows displaced or other conflict-affected people to meet their immediate needs—such as clothing, food, fuel, shelter, or utilities—through local markets and provides a more efficient means of reaching vulnerable communities than providing in-kind commodities. With support from USAID/BHA and other donors, WFP provided cash transfers for food to more than 165,000 conflict-affected individuals across Ukraine in July alone. State/PRM is also supporting IOM and UNHCR to provide MPCA to refugees in neighboring countries, as well as UNICEF to provide cash assistance to vulnerable households with children in transit. UNHCR reached more than 160,000 Ukrainian refugees in Bulgaria, Moldova, Poland, Romania, and Slovakia with cash assistance between January 1 and September 29.

HEALTH

To support the health needs of conflict-affected populations, USG humanitarian partners are providing health care supplies, medicine, and other health assistance in Ukraine and neighboring countries. USAID/BHA is supporting the UN Population Fund (UNFPA), UNICEF, WHO, and seven INGO partners to respond to emergency health needs in Ukraine. With USG and other donor support, UNICEF has supported access to health care services for more than 3.4 million children and women inside Ukraine through the distribution of medical supplies and equipment since the beginning of 2023. Meanwhile, as of late July, WHO had delivered more than 240 generators and nearly 2,400 MT of medical supplies to Ukraine since March 2022, the UN agency reports.

State/PRM is also supporting IOM, UNFPA, UNICEF, WHO, and other international organizations to provide health care services to refugees in neighboring countries. This support includes meeting urgent trauma care

needs by deploying emergency medical teams, delivering essential medical supplies and equipment, providing support for persons with disabilities, and providing logistics support to fill urgent gaps. State/PRM health support in multiple countries in the region serves to strengthen the capacity of local health systems to support increased numbers of refugees.



20

USG implementing
partners providing
essential protection
services

PROTECTION

Armed conflict often exacerbates protection risks. Civilians must cope with threats such as sexual violence, family separation, exploitative labor, exclusion from life-saving humanitarian assistance, and domestic abuse. In response, USAID/BHA supports IOM, UNFPA, UNICEF, UN Women—through USAID/BHA’s partnership with the UN Development Program (UNDP)—and WHO, as well as 13 INGOs and two Ukrainian NGOs to implement protection interventions for conflict-affected populations in Ukraine. USAID/BHA partners provide mental health and psychosocial support (MHPSS) services to children, persons with disabilities, and older people; operate mobile protection teams to reach remote communities with gender-based violence (GBV) prevention and response activities, legal assistance, and MHPSS; and conduct other protection activities. Since the beginning of 2023, UNICEF-supported MHPSS interventions had reached nearly 1.5 million children and caregivers to help them cope with the psychological effects of conflict and displacement as of August 31. UNICEF had also provided more than 367,000 women and children with GBV prevention, response services, and risk mitigation as of the same date.

In addition, State/PRM partners—including IOM, UN Women, UNFPA, UNHCR, UNICEF, an INGO, and other international organizations—provide legal services and protection to vulnerable individuals in Ukraine and neighboring countries. Services include GBV prevention and response, child protection, and MHPSS support; prevention of and response to trafficking in persons; and establishment of child-friendly and women- and girl-friendly spaces. Partners are also establishing Blue Dots, which are multi-agency facilities that provide one-stop protection services and social service referrals to newly arrived refugees in neighboring countries. As of September 29, UNHCR had established 35 Blue Dots which reached more than 190,000 Ukrainian refugees with protection services in Bulgaria, Hungary, Moldova, Poland, Romania, Slovakia, and Slovenia since January. In addition, State/PRM partner UNHCR and its partners reached nearly 991,000 people inside Ukraine with protection services between January 1 and September 22.



3.3 Million

People supported with
safe drinking water
through USG partner
UNICEF in 2023

WASH

Disaster-affected populations are often more susceptible to waterborne diseases due to reduced access to hygiene items, safe drinking water, and sanitation services. In response, USG partners are providing WASH support to conflict-affected populations, including distributing hygiene kits; repairing damaged WASH infrastructure; and transporting safe drinking water to

conflict-affected areas. Overall, USAID/BHA supports IOM, UNICEF, 10 INGO partners, and one Ukrainian NGO partner to address WASH needs in Ukraine. In 2023, UNICEF had provided access to safe drinking water for more than 3.3 million people through the rehabilitation of water networks, the provision of water treatment equipment, and the distribution of safe drinking water as of late July. State/PRM partners are also providing WASH assistance in Ukraine and to refugees in neighboring countries, including strengthening sanitation infrastructure in shelters.

CONTEXT IN BRIEF

- The GoR commenced a full-scale invasion of Ukraine on February 24, 2022, after mobilizing hundreds of thousands of military forces and heavy weaponry near its border with Ukraine and subsequently launching widespread attacks. Immediately prior, the GoR had ordered forces into non-GoU-controlled areas of Donetsk and Luhansk *oblasts* after recognizing the areas' independence from Ukraine on February 21.
- The GoR invasion marked a major escalation of conflict in Ukraine, where fighting in the country's eastern *oblasts* had caused large-scale population displacement and widespread damage to infrastructure since March 2014. The heaviest fighting had occurred in the easternmost *oblasts* bordering Russia, particularly Donetsk and Luhansk; however, the large influx of internally displaced persons from these areas had also impacted neighboring *oblasts*. The UN estimated that 2.9 million conflict-affected people in eastern Ukraine required humanitarian assistance as of early 2022, prior to the February 24 GoR invasion.
- On February 24, 2022, USAID announced the activation of a Disaster Assistance Response Team (DART) to lead the USG humanitarian response to the crisis in Ukraine, with initial staff in Rzeszów, Poland; Chişinău, Moldova; Budapest, Hungary; Bucharest, Romania; and Bratislava, Slovakia. To support the DART, USAID activated a Response Management Team in Washington, D.C. State/PRM staff in Brussels, Belgium; Chişinău, Moldova; Warsaw, Poland; Geneva, Switzerland; Kyiv, Ukraine; and Washington, D.C., also continue to support response activities. As of September 2023, USAID maintains staff in Krakow, Poland; Kyiv, Ukraine; and Washington, D.C.
- On October 21, 2022, U.S. Ambassador to Ukraine Bridget A. Brink renewed the declaration of humanitarian need for Ukraine for FY 2023 due to widespread displacement and continued humanitarian needs of vulnerable populations in Ukraine resulting from Russia's full-scale invasion.

USG HUMANITARIAN FUNDING FOR THE UKRAINE RESPONSE IN FY 2023^{3,4}

| IMPLEMENTING PARTNER | ACTIVITY | LOCATION | AMOUNT |
|----------------------|---|-------------|--------------|
| USAID/BHA | | | |
| Ukraine | | | |
| IOM | Humanitarian Coordination, Information Management, and Assessments (HCIMA); MPCA; Protection; Shelter and Settlements; WASH | Countrywide | \$90,800,000 |
| FAO | HCIMA | Countrywide | \$300,000 |
| OCHA | HCIMA | Countrywide | \$30,000,000 |

| | | | |
|--|--|---|----------------------|
| UNDSS | HCIMA | Countrywide | \$7,501,431 |
| UN Women | Protection | Countrywide | \$5,000,000 |
| UNFPA | Health, Protection | Cherkasky; Chernihiv; Dnipropetrovsk, Ivano-Frankivsk; Khmelnytskyi Kirovohrad, Kyiv, Lviv, Mykolayiv, Odesa, Poltava, Rivne; Sumy; Ternopil; Vinnytsya, Volyn; Zakarpattia; Zaporizhzhya, Zhytomyr | \$18,300,000 |
| UNICEF | HCIMA; Protection; Shelter and Settlements; WASH | Countrywide | \$78,500,000 |
| WFP | Food Assistance—Cash Transfers for Food, Food Vouchers, Local, Regional, and International Procurement; Logistics Support; MPCA | Countrywide | \$330,500,000 |
| WHO | HCIMA; Health; Protection | Countrywide | \$28,406,948 |
| INGO Partner 1 | Early Recovery and Market Systems (ERMS); Food Assistance—Cash Transfers for Food, Food Vouchers, Local, Regional, and International Procurement; HCIMA; MPCA; Protection; Shelter and Settlements; WASH | | \$100,200,000 |
| INGO Partner 2 | Agriculture; ERMS | | \$6,000,000 |
| INGO Partner 3 | Health; Protection | | \$20,000,000 |
| INGO Partner 4 | Shelter; WASH | | \$5,250,000 |
| INGO Partner 5 | HCIMA; Health; Nutrition; Protection; WASH | | \$37,500,000 |
| INGO Partner 6 | HCIMA | | \$2,062,856 |
| INGO Partner 7 | HCIMA | | \$4,500,000 |
| INGO Partner 8 | Health; Protection | | \$11,500,000 |
| INGO Partner 9 | MPCA | | \$70,000,000 |
| INGO Partner 10 | Food Assistance—Cash Transfers for Food, Food Vouchers, Local, Regional, and International Procurement; MPCA; Protection; Shelter and Settlements; WASH | | \$2,700,000 |
| INGO Partner 11 | ERMS; MPCA; Protection; Shelter and Settlements; WASH | | \$14,360,000 |
| INGO Partner 12 | Health; Protection; WASH | | \$17,700,000 |
| INGO Partner 13 | HCIMA; MPCA; Protection; Shelter; WASH | | \$38,000,000 |
| INGO Partner 14 | Health; Logistics; MPCA; Protection; Shelter and Settlements; WASH | | \$29,000,000 |
| Local NGO Partner 1 | Protection | | \$2,772,547 |
| Local NGO Partner 2 | Logistics Support; Protection; WASH | | \$599,722 |
| | Power Infrastructure Support | | \$824,000 |
| | Logistics Support | | \$466,537 |
| | Program Support | | \$1,728,590 |
| TOTAL USAID/BHA FUNDING FOR THE UKRAINE RESPONSE IN UKRAINE | | | \$954,472,631 |

STATE/PRM

Ukraine

| | | | |
|---|---|-------------|----------------------|
| UNHCR | Health; MPCA; Protection; Shelter and Settlements; WASH | Countrywide | \$120,500,000 |
| Implementing Partner | Health; Livelihoods; Protection; WASH | Countrywide | \$38,300,000 |
| Local NGO Partners | Livelihoods; Protection | Countrywide | \$49,900 |
| TOTAL STATE/PRM FUNDING FOR THE UKRAINE RESPONSE IN UKRAINE | | | \$158,849,900 |
| Bulgaria | | | |
| IOM | Health; MPCA; Protection; Shelter and Settlements; WASH | Countrywide | \$700,000 |
| UNHCR | Health; MPCA; Protection; Shelter and Settlements; WASH | Countrywide | \$3,900,000 |
| UNICEF | Education; Health; Protection; Nutrition; WASH | Countrywide | \$900,000 |
| WHO | Health | Countrywide | \$300,000 |
| TOTAL STATE/PRM FUNDING FOR THE UKRAINE RESPONSE IN BULGARIA | | | \$5,800,000 |
| Czech Republic | | | |
| IOM | Health; MPCA; Protection; Shelter and Settlements; WASH | Countrywide | \$2,800,000 |
| UNHCR | Health; MPCA; Protection; Shelter and Settlements; WASH | Countrywide | \$3,000,000 |
| UNICEF | Education; Health; Protection; Nutrition; WASH | Countrywide | \$6,500,000 |
| WHO | Health | Countrywide | \$4,000,000 |
| TOTAL STATE/PRM FUNDING FOR THE UKRAINE RESPONSE IN THE CZECH REPUBLIC | | | \$16,300,000 |
| Estonia | | | |
| IOM | Health; MPCA; Protection; Shelter and Settlements; WASH | Countrywide | \$500,000 |
| UNHCR | Health; MPCA; Protection; Shelter and Settlements; WASH | Countrywide | \$700,000 |
| WHO | Health | Countrywide | \$50,000 |
| TOTAL STATE/PRM FUNDING FOR THE UKRAINE RESPONSE IN ESTONIA | | | \$1,250,000 |
| Hungary | | | |
| IOM | Health; MPCA; Protection; Shelter and Settlements; WASH | Countrywide | \$1,700,000 |
| UNHCR | Health; MPCA; Protection; Shelter and Settlements; WASH | Countrywide | \$3,500,000 |
| UNICEF | Education; Health; Protection; Nutrition; WASH | Countrywide | \$2,200,000 |
| WHO | Health | Countrywide | \$300,000 |
| TOTAL STATE/PRM FUNDING FOR THE UKRAINE RESPONSE IN HUNGARY | | | \$7,700,000 |
| Israel | | | |
| Implementing Partner | Protection | Countrywide | \$24,654 |
| TOTAL STATE/PRM FUNDING FOR THE UKRAINE RESPONSE IN ISRAEL | | | \$24,654 |
| Latvia | | | |
| Implementing Partner | Protection | Countrywide | \$24,850 |
| IOM | Health; MPCA; Protection; Shelter and Settlements; WASH | Countrywide | \$600,000 |

| | | | |
|--|---|-------------|---------------------|
| UNHCR | Health; MPCA; Protection; Shelter and Settlements; WASH | Countrywide | \$600,000 |
| WHO | Health | Countrywide | \$50,000 |
| TOTAL STATE/PRM FUNDING FOR THE UKRAINE RESPONSE IN LATVIA | | | \$1,274,850 |
| Lithuania | | | |
| IOM | Health; MPCA; Protection; Shelter and Settlements; WASH | Countrywide | \$700,000 |
| UNHCR | Health; MPCA; Protection; Shelter and Settlements; WASH | Countrywide | \$900,000 |
| WHO | Health | Countrywide | \$100,000 |
| TOTAL STATE/PRM FUNDING FOR THE UKRAINE RESPONSE IN LITHUANIA | | | \$1,700,000 |
| Moldova | | | |
| IOM | Health; MPCA; Protection; Shelter and Settlements; WASH | Countrywide | \$7,000,000 |
| UNFPA | MPCA; Protection | Countrywide | \$4,200,000 |
| UNHCR | Health; MPCA; Protection; Shelter and Settlements; WASH | Countrywide | \$23,100,000 |
| UNICEF | Education; Health; Protection; Nutrition; WASH | Countrywide | \$6,600,000 |
| WHO | Health | Countrywide | \$1,800,000 |
| TOTAL STATE/PRM FUNDING FOR THE UKRAINE RESPONSE IN MOLDOVA | | | \$42,700,000 |
| Poland | | | |
| IOM | Health; MPCA; Protection; Shelter and Settlements; WASH | Countrywide | \$12,300,000 |
| UNHCR | Health; MPCA; Protection; Shelter and Settlements; WASH | Countrywide | \$20,600,000 |
| UNICEF | Education; Health; Protection; Nutrition; WASH | Countrywide | \$25,743,280 |
| WHO | Health | Countrywide | \$4,300,000 |
| TOTAL STATE/PRM FUNDING FOR THE UKRAINE RESPONSE IN POLAND | | | \$62,943,280 |
| Romania | | | |
| IOM | Health; MPCA; Protection; Shelter and Settlements; WASH | Countrywide | \$2,700,000 |
| UNHCR | Health; MPCA; Protection; Shelter and Settlements; WASH | Countrywide | \$11,400,000 |
| UNICEF | Education; Health; Protection; Nutrition; WASH | Countrywide | \$2,500,000 |
| WHO | Health | Countrywide | \$400,000 |
| TOTAL STATE/PRM FUNDING FOR THE UKRAINE RESPONSE IN ROMANIA | | | \$17,000,000 |
| Slovakia | | | |
| Implementing Partner | Protection | Bratislava | \$24,999 |
| IOM | Health; MPCA; Protection; Shelter and Settlements; WASH | Countrywide | \$1,800,000 |
| UNHCR | Health; MPCA; Protection; Shelter and Settlements; WASH | Countrywide | \$4,300,000 |
| UNICEF | Education; Health; Protection; Nutrition; WASH | Countrywide | \$6,300,000 |
| WHO | Health | Countrywide | \$200,000 |
| TOTAL STATE/PRM FUNDING FOR THE UKRAINE RESPONSE IN SLOVAKIA | | | \$12,624,999 |

| Switzerland | | | |
|--|---|-------------|------------------------|
| Implementing Partner | Protection | Countrywide | \$25,000 |
| TOTAL STATE/PRM FUNDING FOR THE UKRAINE RESPONSE IN SWITZERLAND | | | \$25,000 |
| Türkiye | | | |
| UNHCR | Health; MPCA; Protection; Shelter and Settlements; WASH | Countrywide | \$400,000 |
| UNICEF | Education; Health; Protection; Nutrition; WASH | Countrywide | \$500,000 |
| TOTAL STATE/PRM FUNDING FOR THE UKRAINE RESPONSE IN TÜRKİYE | | | \$900,000 |
| Europe Regional | | | |
| Implementing Partner | Health; Livelihoods; Protection; WASH | Countrywide | \$6,100,000 |
| IOM | Health; MPCA; Protection; Shelter and Settlements; WASH | Countrywide | \$2,600,000 |
| UNFPA | MPCA, Protection | Countrywide | \$1,400,000 |
| UNHCR | Health; MPCA; Protection; Shelter and Settlements; WASH | Countrywide | \$9,900,000 |
| UNICEF | Education; Health; Protection; Nutrition; WASH | Countrywide | \$4,200,000 |
| WHO | Health | Countrywide | \$4,600,000 |
| TOTAL STATE/PRM FUNDING FOR THE UKRAINE RESPONSE IN EUROPE | | | \$28,800,000 |
| TOTAL STATE/PRM FUNDING | | | \$357,892,683 |
| TOTAL USG FUNDING FOR THE UKRAINE RESPONSE IN FY 2023 | | | \$1,312,365,314 |

³ Year of funding indicates the date of commitment or obligation, not appropriation, of funds. Funding figures reflect publicly announced FY 2023 funding that has been committed or obligated by USAID/BHA and State/PRM as of September 30, 2023. For information on the USG funding toward the response in FY 2022, refer to Ukraine Fact Sheet #29 released on September 30, 2022, available on the USAID website at <https://www.usaid.gov/humanitarian-assistance/where-we-work>.

⁴ The locations of USAID/BHA INGO and NGO partners in Ukraine are not included in the funding chart due to sensitivities.

PUBLIC DONATION INFORMATION

- The most effective way people can assist relief efforts is by making cash contributions to humanitarian organizations that are conducting relief operations. A list of humanitarian organizations that are accepting cash donations for disaster responses around the world can be found at interaction.org.
- USAID encourages cash donations because they allow aid professionals to procure the exact items needed, often in the affected region; reduce the burden on scarce resources, such as transportation routes, staff time, and warehouse space; can be transferred very quickly and without transportation costs; support the economy of the disaster-stricken region; and ensure culturally, dietarily, and environmentally appropriate assistance.
- More information can be found at:
 - USAID Center for International Disaster Information: cidi.org
 - Information on relief activities of the humanitarian community can be found at reliefweb.int.

USAID/BHA bulletins appear on the USAID website at [usaid.gov/humanitarian-assistance/where-we-work](https://www.usaid.gov/humanitarian-assistance/where-we-work)