



Ukraine – Complex Emergency

AUGUST 16, 2022

SITUATION AT A GLANCE

5,514

Civilian Deaths
Resulting From the
Conflict

OHCHR - August 2022

6.4

Refugees From Ukraine Recorded Across Europe

UNHCR - August 2022

6.6
MILLION

People Internally Displaced Across Ukraine

IOM - July 2022

17.7

People in Need of Humanitarian Assistance in Ukraine

UN – August 2022

I2 MILLION

People Reached With Humanitarian Assistance in Ukraine

UN - July 2022

- Fighting near the Zaporizhzhya Nuclear Power Plant continues to endanger civilians and threatens the possibility of a radiological incident. On August 11, the UN Secretary-General called for the immediate cessation of military activities in the vicinity of the plant.
- The revised UN Flash Appeal for Ukraine calls for \$4.3 billion to address the acute humanitarian needs of approximately 11.5 million people between March and December 2022.
- USG humanitarian partners continue to provide multi-sector assistance to crisis-affected populations in Ukraine, as well as to Ukrainians displaced to neighboring countries.



TOTAL U.S. GOVERNMENT HUMANITARIAN FUNDING For the Ukraine Response in FY 2022 ¹	USAID/BHA ² State/PRM ³	\$1,025,593,642 \$499,322,974
For complete funding breakdown with partners, see detailed chart on page 8	Total	\$1,524,916,616

¹ Funding figures reflect a publicly announced funding that has been committed or obligated as of July 27, 2022.

² USAID's Bureau for Humanitarian Assistance (USAID/BHA)

³U.S. Department of State's Bureau of Population, Refugees, and Migration (State/PRM)

KEY DEVELOPMENTS

GoRF Presence at Zaporizhzhya Nuclear Power Plant Drives Civilian Casualties, Risks Radiological Disaster

Government of the Russian Federation (GoRF) forces continued to repeatedly launch artillery strikes on Government of Ukraine (GoU)-controlled areas (GCAs) in Dnipropetrovsk Oblast from positions near Zaporizhzhya Oblast's Zaporizhzhya Nuclear Power Plant (ZNPP)—the largest nuclear power station in Europe—in recent days, according to media reports. On August 10, GoRF forces reportedly launched at least 120 rounds of rocket artillery at populated areas in Dnipropetrovsk's Nikopol Raion, a GCA located in close proximity to the ZNPP. The attack—which followed a pattern of similar attacks on Nikopol in recent days—resulted in at least three civilian deaths, nine injuries, and widespread damage to civilian infrastructure, including power outages affecting at least 6,000 people. Meanwhile, increased hostilities impacting the ZNPP itself have prompted international concern over the heightened potential for a catastrophic radiological event, international media report. On August 5, GoRF shelling reportedly damaged a high-voltage line at the ZNPP and caused a fire at the plant's nitrogen-oxygen station, activating one of the plant's emergency protection systems, according to Ukraine's nuclear power operator, Energoatom. International media reported further shelling of the ZNPP between August 6 and II, including artillery strikes that reportedly impacted areas near the facility's radioactive material storage areas. The GoU and GoRF have both exchanged accusations over the source of attacks at the ZNPP, which remains under GoRF control but operated by Ukrainian staff.

Hostilities at the ZNPP not only risk compromising the source of electricity for a substantial portion of Ukraine's population, but also threaten to cause a radiological incident with catastrophic consequences for the country and wider region. On August 6, the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) issued a statement expressing grave concern over the circumstances at the ZNPP, noting that while a preliminary, external assessment indicated the current nuclear safety and security situation at the ZNPP appears stable, it remains imperative for the GoRF and GoU to immediately enable an IAEA mission to assess the site. Moreover, on August 11, UN Secretary-General António Guterres issued a statement calling for the immediate cessation of military activities in the vicinity of the ZNPP, and the U.S. Government (USG) has called for the establishment of a demilitarized zone.

Revised Flash Appeal Calls for \$4.3 Billion in Support of Ukraine Response

On August 8, the UN released a revised Flash Appeal for Ukraine, requesting an increase from \$2.5 billion to \$4.3 billion to address the acute humanitarian needs of approximately 11.5 million crisis-affected people in Ukraine between March and December 2022. The release represents the second update to the Flash Appeal for Ukraine—originally published on March 1, requesting \$1.1 billion, and revised once in mid-April to \$2.5 billion—and will serve as the final revision to the appeal for 2022, the UN reports. The requested funding in the revised appeal accounts for previously received funds and humanitarian assistance provided in Ukraine to date, while ensuring that humanitarian organizations in the country have the resources necessary to continue delivering critical assistance through December 2022. The UN anticipates that, due in part to the onset of the harsh winter season, more than 17.7 million people—or 2 million more than the estimate in the April revision of the Flash Appeal—will require humanitarian assistance in upcoming months. As such, the revised appeal also covers the prioritized programming outlined in the 2022/2023 Ukraine Winterization Plan, including the procurement of critical cold weather items—such as blankets, heating appliances, and solid fuel—and shelter repairs and insulation installation for collective centers and damaged houses. The revised response plan also complements these activities with other critical winterization and winter-specific

interventions. According to the appeal, food security and livelihoods, shelter and relief items, and protection support account for the largest financial requirements included in the overall funding request.

GoU Continues Mandatory Civilian Evacuation of Donetsk

Following the GoU's July 30 announcement mandating civilian evacuations from GCAs of Donetsk *Oblast* in eastern Ukraine, the first train of nearly 140 evacuees—primarily children, women, and disabled persons—departed from Donetsk's Pokrovsk city and arrived in Kirovohrad *Oblast's* Kropyvnytskyi city on August 2, international media report. The train is supporting civilian evacuations from Donetsk until the beginning of the heating season, which normally starts in mid-October. While the GoU Deputy Prime Minister Iryna Vereshchuk is leading a coordination cell comprising GoU and military representatives to organize the evacuations, regional authorities in Kirovohrad are working with relief actors to provide food, cash assistance, shelter support, and other humanitarian assistance for evacuees. GoU officials plan to evacuate approximately 220,000 people from Donetsk prior to the onset of winter, according to local media. Between the announcement of mandatory evacuations and mid-August, approximately 5,600 civilians departed the *oblast*.

Survey Finds Varying Availability, High Prices of Basic Goods in Ukraine

While essential items such as food, hygiene supplies, and medicine became increasingly available in Ukraine in June, prices have also increased compared to the previous two months, according to REACH's latest Joint Market Monitoring Initiative (JMMI) assessment, which surveyed at least 820 customers and retailers across the country. Food availability is high nationwide but remains comparatively low in eastern Ukraine, where approximately 80 percent of customers reported that food items are fully available. Moreover, in eastern Ukraine, approximately 50 percent and 30 percent of respondents reported full availability of hygiene items and medications, respectively, compared to more than 90 percent and nearly 80 percent nationwide. Access to fuel remains limited across the country, with less than 10 percent of surveyed customers reporting full availability of fuel and an estimated 60 percent of customers reporting limited availability. The price of the full JMMI basket—which represents the cost of essential food and hygiene supplies sufficient to support one person's needs for one month—increased by nearly 30 percent countrywide from May to June, with the highest price increases observed in northern Ukraine, followed by western and central regions.

Humanitarian organizations use the JMMI and other data to track challenges that populations may face in meeting basic needs, as well as to inform cash-based assistance. Multipurpose cash assistance (MPCA) remains the preferred modality in Ukraine in areas where markets are functioning, as MPCA can both address diverse needs and contribute to local economic recovery, according to the UN. To date, relief actors—including USG partners—have provided nearly 2.5 million people with MPCA since the onset of the GoRF invasion.

KEY FIGURES

87,000

Number of USAID/BHAprovided high-thermal blankets delivered for distribution in Ukraine

U.S. GOVERNMENT RESPONSE

LOGISTICS AND RELIEF COMMODITIES

During the initial weeks of the GoRF invasion, USAID/BHA worked to rapidly transport relief commodities to Ukraine from neighboring countries. Between late February and late April, USAID/BHA provided the International Organization for Migration (IOM) approximately 87,000 blankets and 18,500 kitchen sets to improve living conditions for displaced people; 20,000 High Energy Biscuits to meet emergency food needs; and 4,800 10-liter water containers, as well as water tanks and treatment units, to improve access to safe drinking water and prevent disease among communities in Ukraine.

USAID/BHA is also supporting the Logistics and Emergency Telecommunications (ETC) clusters, the coordinating bodies for humanitarian logistics and ETC activities, comprising UN agencies, nongovernmental organizations (NGOs), and other stakeholders. With USAID/BHA support, WFP—the Logistics Cluster lead—is coordinating logistics services for the broader humanitarian response, developing common advocacy to address logistical challenges, facilitating humanitarian convoys and corridors to hard-to-reach areas, and establishing logistics bases to consolidate and prioritize humanitarian cargo deliveries. As of late July, the Logistics Cluster had facilitated the movement of nearly 25,000 cubic meters of humanitarian assistance commodities for distribution to conflict-affected households in Ukraine since late February.

Meanwhile, State/PRM is supporting IOM and the Office of the UN High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) to provide logistics support to the refugee response in neighboring countries.



\$242 Million

In dedicated FY 2022 USAID/BHA funding for life-saving food assistance

FOOD SECURITY

To meet increasing food needs following the February 24 GoRF invasion, USAID/BHA is supporting WFP and four international NGO (INGO) partners to scale up food assistance in Ukraine. Specifically, WFP is supporting local bakeries providing bread to conflict-affected populations, distributing ready-to-eat rations and general food commodities, and disbursing cash-based transfers and vouchers for food. WFP food assistance helps people fleeing active fighting, households who have lost income sources due to conflict, and other conflict-affected populations access the food they need. In July alone, WFP reached more than 2.8 million people with emergency food assistance and cash distributions in Ukraine. USAID/BHA is also supporting Catholic Relief Services (CRS) to provide cooked meals to people in collective shelters in Moldova who have fled the war in Ukraine.



In dedicated FY 2022 USAID/BHA support for MPCA



Number of people that can receive health care with supplies distributed by USG partner UNICEF

MULTIPURPOSE CASH ASSISTANCE

The USG supports the International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC), IOM, UNHCR, WFP, and seven INGOs to provide MPCA to help conflict-affected individuals meet their basic needs. Cash allows displaced or other conflict-affected people access food, household items, shelter, safe drinking water, and other supplies through local markets, and provides a faster and more efficient means of reaching vulnerable communities than providing in-kind commodities.

With support from USAID/BHA and other donors, WFP provided cash-based transfers and vouchers to more than 860,000 conflict-affected individuals across Ukraine in July alone. Meanwhile, as of July 29, State/PRM partner UNHCR had reached approximately 436,000 people across Ukraine with MPCA. State/PRM is also supporting IOM and UNHCR to provide MPCA to refugees in neighboring countries, as well as the UN Children's Fund (UNICEF) to provide cash assistance to vulnerable households with children in transit. As of August 4, IOM had provided MPCA to nearly 84,000 people, while UNHCR had enrolled more than 402,000 people in Moldova, Poland, Romania, and Slovakia in its MPCA program as of July 27.

HEALTH

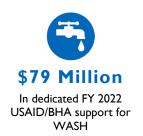
To support the health needs of conflict-affected populations, USG humanitarian partners are providing health care supplies, medicine, and other health assistance in Ukraine and neighboring countries. USAID/BHA is supporting UNICEF, the UN World Health Organization (WHO), the UN Population Fund (UNFPA), and six INGO partners to respond to emergency health needs in Ukraine, including medical support and the provision of other essential health care services. With USG and other donor support, UNICEF has provided medical supplies sufficient to treat approximately 4 million people across Ukraine since late February.

Meanwhile, USAID/BHA partner WHO had delivered approximately 990 MT of life-saving medical supplies—including essential medicines, medical equipment, and medical support—to health facilities in Ukraine as of August 10, with the majority of items delivered to regions of the country experiencing active hostilities. With USAID/BHA support, WHO has also delivered medicines and health care equipment sufficient to meet the needs of approximately 650,000 individuals, emergency surgical supplies to conduct up to 16,000 surgeries, at least 20 ambulances, and 26 generators to maintain power supplies in health facilities.

State/PRM is also supporting WHO to provide health care to refugees in neighboring countries. This includes meeting urgent trauma care needs by deploying emergency medical teams; providing trauma kits, essential medical supplies and equipment, and logistics support to fill urgent gaps; and extending access to coronavirus disease (COVID-19) services to refugee populations, including vaccinations. With State/PRM support, WHO is also preventing and responding to vaccine-preventable diseases, such as measles

and polio; providing psychosocial support to vulnerable populations and frontline health care workers; and preventing sexual exploitation and abuse.

In addition, State/PRM is supporting UNFPA in Hungary, Moldova, Poland, and Slovakia to strengthen local health systems' capacity to absorb an increased refugee caseload through the deployment of mobile and static integrated community sexual and reproductive health and gender-based violence (GBV) health units, supplies, and interventions. State/PRM is also supporting UNICEF in neighboring countries to scale up health support, including to prevent disease outbreaks and support infection prevention and control training. State/PRM is also supporting IOM to provide primary health care consultations, mobile health and emergency services, and mobile psychosocial support teams.



WASH

Disaster-affected populations are often more susceptible to waterborne diseases, such as cholera and dysentery, as disasters reduce local access to hygiene items, sanitation services, and safe drinking water. In response, USG humanitarian partners are providing water, sanitation, and hygiene (WASH) supplies to conflict-affected populations, including hygiene kits containing soap and other items to reduce disease transmission; repairing damaged WASH infrastructure; and transporting and distributing safe drinking water in conflict-affected areas. In addition, USAID/BHA also supports the WASH Cluster to provide humanitarian coordination and information management support, including sharing critical information with humanitarian partners regarding conflict incidents affecting WASH infrastructure and services.

USAID/BHA supports IOM, UNICEF, and 10 INGO partners to address WASH needs in Ukraine. With support from USAID/BHA and other donors, UNICEF has facilitated access to safe drinking water for approximately 3.5 million people in Ukraine by increasing water availability in collective sites, such as internally displaced person (IDP) shelters; conducting water trucking services; and distributing bottled drinking water between late February and late July. The UN agency had also distributed WASH commodities to nearly 456,000 people across Ukraine as of late July.

State/PRM partners are also providing WASH assistance to conflict-affected communities in Ukraine and Ukrainian refugees in neighboring countries, including strengthening sanitation infrastructure in shelters and distributing hygiene kits to refugees. State/PRM is also supporting IOM to provide hygiene kits, safe drinking water, and water infrastructure.



Number of USG implementing partners providing essential protection services

PROTECTION

Armed conflict often exacerbates individuals' vulnerability to protection risks. People must cope with threats such as sexual violence, violence in the home, family separation, exploitative labor, and exclusion from life-saving humanitarian assistance, among other concerns. In response, USAID/BHA supports IOM, UNFPA, UNICEF, UN Women, WHO, and 13 INGOs to implement protection interventions for conflict-affected populations in Ukraine. USAID/BHA partners provide mental health and psychosocial support (MHPSS) to children, persons with disabilities, and older people; operate mobile protection teams to reach remote communities with GBV prevention and response activities, legal assistance, and MHPSS; and conduct other protection activities. Specifically, USAID/BHA is supporting UNFPA's efforts to procure vehicles to establish mobile teams to provide MHPSS services in remote or hard-to-reach areas of Ukraine. With USAID/BHA and other donor support, the UN agency is also supporting facilities that provide services for GBV survivors, including conflict-related sexual violence survivors. Furthermore, USAID/BHA is supporting UNICEF to meet the protection needs of children in displacement centers, as well as assist unaccompanied and separated children, who are particularly vulnerable to exploitation. UNICEF had provided more than 52,000 individuals with integrated child protection and GBV response services as of July 26.

In addition, State/PRM partners—including IOM, UNHCR, and UNICEF—provide protection and legal services to vulnerable individuals in Ukraine and neighboring countries. Partners are establishing Blue Dots, multi-agency facilities that provide one-stop protection services and social service referrals to new refugee arrivals in neighboring countries. As of July 15, UNHCR had established 35 Blue Dots reaching tens of thousands of people with protection services in Bulgaria, Italy, Moldova, Poland, Romania, and Slovakia.

In neighboring countries, State/PRM is providing protection support through IOM, UNFPA, UNHCR, and UNICEF. Services include GBV prevention and response, child protection, and MHPSS support; prevention and response to trafficking in persons; and establishment of child-friendly and women and girl-friendly spaces, which not only offer case management and referral services, but also provide areas for women and children to feel physically and emotionally safe.

CONTEXT IN BRIEF

- The GoRF commenced widespread attacks against Ukraine on February 24 after mobilizing hundreds of thousands of military forces and heavy weaponry near its border with Ukraine. Immediately prior, the GoRF had ordered forces into Donetsk and Luhansk non-GoU controlled areas (NGCAs) after recognizing the areas' independence from Ukraine on February 21.
- The GoRF invasion marked a major escalation of conflict in Ukraine, where fighting in the country's eastern *oblasts* has caused large-scale population displacement and widespread damage to infrastructure since March 2014. The heaviest fighting has occurred in the easternmost *oblasts* bordering Russia, particularly Donetsk and Luhansk; however, the large influx of IDPs from these areas has also impacted neighboring *oblasts*. The UN estimated that 2.9 million conflict-affected people in eastern Ukraine required humanitarian assistance as of early 2022 prior to the February 24 GoRF invasion.
- On February 24, USAID announced the activation of a USAID Disaster Assistance Response Team
 (DART) to lead the USG humanitarian response to the crisis in Ukraine, with initial staff in Rzeszów,
 Poland; Chişinău, Moldova; Budapest, Hungary; Bucharest, Romania; and Bratislava, Slovakia. To support
 the DART, USAID activated a Response Management Team (RMT) in Washington, D.C. State/PRM staff
 in Warsaw, Poland; Budapest, Hungary; Chişinău, Moldova; Bucharest, Romania; Bratislava, Slovakia; and
 Washington, D.C., also continue to support response activities.
- On November 26, 2021, U.S. Chargé d'Affaires Kristina A. Kvien renewed the disaster declaration for Ukraine for FY 2022 due to widespread displacement and continued humanitarian needs of vulnerable populations in eastern Ukraine.

USG HUMANITARIAN FUNDING FOR THE UKRAINE RESPONSE IN FY 20221

IMPLEMENTING PARTNER	ACTIVITY	LOCATION	AMOUNT
Ukraine			
USAID/BHA			
IFRC	Logistics Support	Countrywide	\$20,800
IOM	Logistics Support, Monitoring and Evaluation, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$59,130,000
UN Department of Safety and Security (UNDSS)	Humanitarian Coordination, Information Management, and Assessments (HCIMA)	Countrywide	\$7,113,554
UN Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO)	HCIMA	Countrywide	\$300,000
UNFPA	Health, Protection	Countrywide	\$12,442,720
UNICEF	Health, Logistics Support, Nutrition, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$71,800,000
UN Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA)	HCIMA	Countrywide	\$27,500,000
UN Women	Protection	Countrywide	\$5,000,000

WFP	Food Assistance—Cash Transfers, Food Vouchers, Local, Regional, and International Procurement; Logistics Support; MPCA	Countrywide	\$402,275,925
	Health, Logistics Support, Protection	Countrywide	\$10,000,000
WHO	Health	Chernihiv, Dnipropetrovsk, Donetsk, Kharkiv, Kherson, Luhansk, Mykolayiv, Odesa, Poltava, Sumy, Zaporizhzhya	\$967,280
Implementing Partners	Food Assistance, HCIMA, Health, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$248,960,888
Implementing Partners	Food Assistance, HCIMA, Health, MPCA, Nutrition, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Cherkasy, Chernihiv, Chernivtsi, Donetsk, Dnipropetrovsk, Ivano- Frankivsk, Khmelnytskyi, Kharkiv, Kherson, Kirovohrad, Kyiv, Luhansk, Lviv, Mykolayiv, Odesa, Poltava, Rivne, Sumy, Ternopil, Vinnytsya, Volyn, Zaporizhzhya, Zakarpattya, Zhytomyr	\$169,010,385
	Logistics Support		\$5,210,399
	Program Support		\$1,119,074
TOTAL USAID/BHA FU	INDING FOR THE UKRAINE RESPONSE		\$1,020,851,025
	Moldov	va	
CRS	Food Assistance	Chişinău	\$4,742,617
TOTAL USAID/BHA FU	INDING FOR THE MOLDOVA RESPONSE		\$4,742,617
TOTAL USAID/BHA FU	INDING		\$1,025,593,642
	STATE/P	PRM	
	Ukrain	e	
Implementing Partner	Economic Recovery and Market Systems, Health, Livelihoods, Protection, WASH	Countrywide	\$20,000,000
UNHCR	Health, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$139,800,000
TOTAL STATE/PRM FU	INDING FOR THE UKRAINE RESPONSE		\$159,800,000
	Belaru	s	
IOM	HCIMA, Health, Livelihoods, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$300,000
UNHCR	HCIMA, Livelihoods, Logistics Support, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements	Countrywide	\$1,000,000
UNICEF	Health, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$800,000
WHO	Health	Countrywide	\$100,000
TOTAL STATE/PRM FU	INDING FOR THE BELARUS RESPONSE		\$2,200,000
	Bulgari	a	
IOM	HCIMA, Health, Livelihoods, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$300,000
UNHCR	HCIMA, Livelihoods, Logistics Support, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements	Countrywide \$4,500,00	
UNICEF	Health, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide \$1,500,000	
WHO	Health	Countrywide	\$500,000
TOTAL STATE/PRM FU	INDING FOR THE BULGARIA RESPONSE	-	\$6,800,000

	Czech Rep	ublic	
IOM	HCIMA, Health, Livelihoods, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$300,000
UNHCR	HCIMA, Livelihoods, Logistics Support, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements	Countrywide	\$3,300,000
UNICEF	Health, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$6,200,000
WHO	Health	Countrywide	\$400,000
TOTAL STATE/PRI	1 FUNDING FOR THE CZECH REPUBLIC RESP	PONSE	\$10,200,000
	Hungar	у	
IOM	HCIMA, Health, Livelihoods, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$2,100,000
UNFPA	Health, Protection	Countrywide	\$100,000
UNHCR	HCIMA, Livelihoods, Logistics Support, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements	Countrywide	\$7,000,000
UNICEF	Health, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$600,000
WHO	Health	Countrywide	\$600,000
TOTAL STATE/PRI	1 FUNDING FOR THE HUNGARY RESPONSE		\$10,400,000
	Moldov	<i>r</i> a	
CRS	Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$8,322,792
IOM	Food Assistance, HCIMA, Health, Livelihoods, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$9,300,000
UNFPA	Health, Protection	Countrywide	\$4,200,000
UNHCR	HCIMA, Livelihoods, Logistics Support, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements	Countrywide	\$37,300,000
UNICEF	Health, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$5,900,000
UN Women	Health, Protection	Countrywide	\$1,600,000
WHO	Health	Countrywide	\$3,500,000
TOTAL STATE/PRN	1 FUNDING FOR THE MOLDOVA RESPONSE		\$70,122,792
	Poland	I	
IFRC	MPCA, Shelter and Settlements	Countrywide	\$3,700,000
IOM	Food Assistance, HCIMA, Health, Livelihoods, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$10,500,000
UNFPA	Health, Protection	Countrywide	\$100,000
UNHCR	HCIMA, Livelihoods, Logistics Support, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements	Countrywide	\$52,500,000
UNICEF	Health, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$38,100,000
WHO	Health	Countrywide	\$10,800,000
TOTAL STATE/PRI	1 FUNDING FOR THE POLAND RESPONSE		\$115,700,000
Romania			
IFRC	MPCA, Shelter and Settlements	Countrywide	\$3,300,000

IOM	Food Assistance, HCIMA, Health, Livelihoods, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$2,400,000
UNFPA	Health, Protection	Countrywide	\$100,000
UNHCR	HCIMA, Livelihoods, Logistics Support, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements	Countrywide	\$36,300,000
UNICEF	Health, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$5,900,000
WHO	Health	Countrywide	\$600,000
TOTAL STATE/PRM FUND	ING FOR THE ROMANIA RESPONSE		\$48,600,000
	Slovakia	1	
IFRC	MPCA, Shelter and Settlements	Countrywide	\$2,302,326
ЮМ	Food Assistance, HCIMA, Health, Livelihoods, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$1,200,000
UNFPA	Health, Protection	Countrywide	\$100,000
UNHCR	HCIMA, Livelihoods, Logistics Support, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements	Countrywide	\$5,800,000
UNICEF	Health, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$11,900,000
WHO	Health	Countrywide	\$400,000
TOTAL STATE/PRM FUND	ING FOR THE SLOVAKIA RESPONSE		\$21,702,326
	Europe Reg	ional	
IFRC	MPCA, Shelter and Settlements	Countrywide	\$697,674
ІОМ	Food Assistance, HCIMA, Health, Livelihoods, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$10,300,000
UNFPA	Health, Protection	Countrywide	\$300,000
UNHCR	HCIMA, Livelihoods, Logistics Support, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements	Countrywide	\$31,900,000
UNICEF	Health, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH	Countrywide	\$10,300,000
UN Women	Health, Protection	Countrywide	\$300,182
TOTAL STATE/PRM FUNDING FOR THE EUROPE REGIONAL RESPONSE			\$53,797,856
TOTAL STATE/PRM FUNDING		\$499,322,974	
TOTAL USG HUMANITARIAN FUNDING FOR THE UKRAINE RESPONSE IN FY 2022			\$1,524,916,616

¹ Year of funding indicates the date of commitment or obligation, not appropriation, of funds. Funding figures reflect a portion of publicly announced funding that has been committed or obligated as of July 27, 2022.

PUBLIC DONATION INFORMATION

- The most effective way people can assist relief efforts is by making cash contributions to humanitarian organizations that are conducting relief operations. A list of humanitarian organizations that are accepting cash donations for disaster responses around the world can be found at interaction.org.
- USAID encourages cash donations because they allow aid professionals to procure the exact items needed (often in the affected region); reduce the burden on scarce resources (such as transportation routes, staff time, and warehouse space); can be transferred very quickly and without transportation costs; support the economy of the disaster-stricken region; and ensure culturally, dietarily, and environmentally appropriate assistance.
- More information can be found at:
 - o USAID Center for International Disaster Information: cidi.org
 - o Information on relief activities of the humanitarian community can be found at reliefweb.int.

USAID/BHA bulletins appear on the USAID website at usaid.gov/humanitarian-assistance/where-we-work