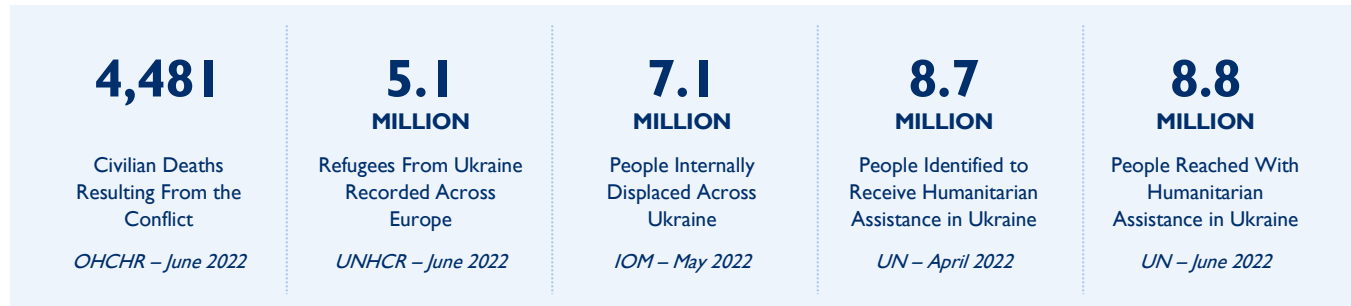


Ukraine – Complex Emergency

JUNE 17, 2022

SITUATION AT A GLANCE



- President Biden announces more than \$225 million in additional humanitarian assistance for Ukraine on June 15.
- GoRF offensive operations continue to threaten civilians, exacerbate humanitarian needs, and restrict relief actors' access in the Donbas.
- U.S. Ambassador to Ukraine Bridget A. Brink visits an IDP collective center near Kyiv.
- UNHCR reports declining border crossings from Ukraine into bordering countries, as returns increase.



TOTAL U.S. GOVERNMENT HUMANITARIAN FUNDING

For the Ukraine Response in FY 2022¹

USAID/BHA² \$702,283,885

State/PRM³ \$211,622,792

For complete funding breakdown with partners, see detailed chart on page 8

Total \$913,906,677

¹ Funding figures reflect a portion of publicly announced funding that has been committed or obligated as of June 15, 2022.

² USAID's Bureau for Humanitarian Assistance (USAID/BHA)

³ U.S. Department of State's Bureau of Population, Refugees, and Migration (State/PRM)

KEY DEVELOPMENTS

President Biden Announces \$225 Million in Additional Humanitarian Assistance for Ukraine

On June 15, President of the United States Joseph R. Biden announced more than \$225 million in additional USAID/BHA humanitarian assistance for communities in Ukraine adversely affected by the February 24 Government of the Russian Federation (GoRF) invasion. To date, the U.S. Government (USG) has contributed nearly \$914 million in FY 2022 humanitarian assistance funding to support conflict-affected communities in Ukraine and refugees in neighboring countries. This total includes more than \$702 million and nearly \$212 million from USAID/BHA and State/PRM, respectively. The additional funding will support USAID/BHA's UN and international non-governmental organization (INGO) partners' efforts to provide life-saving emergency food assistance, health care, shelter, and water, sanitation, and hygiene (WASH) support to conflict-affected populations across Ukraine, including to people residing in hard-to-reach areas. The newly announced funding will also support multipurpose cash assistance (MPCA) programming to help people meet their basic needs in areas of the country with functioning markets.

In addition, the new funding will support increased protection services for at-risk populations. With approximately \$12.4 million in support from USAID/BHA, the UN Population Fund (UNFPA) is addressing gender-based violence (GBV) in Ukraine through the implementation of GBV mitigation measures and the provision of services to GBV survivors. Specifically, the UN agency is procuring approximately 60 vehicles and establishing mobile teams to provide mental health and psychosocial support (MHPSS) services in remote or hard-to-reach areas, as well as setting up 15 permanent facilities to provide GBV prevention and response services.

GoRF Offensive Operations Continue to Exacerbate Humanitarian Needs, Restrict Access in the Donbas

GoRF forces continued offensive operations in Ukraine's Donbas Region—comprising Donetsk and Luhansk *oblasts*—in mid-June, threatening civilian populations, generating widespread damage to infrastructure, and hindering ongoing humanitarian assistance efforts, according to international media. By June 15, GoRF forces had gained control over the majority of Luhansk's Severodonetsk city, while Government of Ukraine (GoU) forces continued to hold the city's Azot chemical plant. Following the destruction of key bridges leading out of the city by GoRF forces, thousands of civilians remained trapped in Severodonetsk as of June 16, including hundreds of civilians sheltering in bomb shelters at the Azot plant. Furthermore, regular artillery strikes and intense armed clashes between GoRF and GoU forces remained ongoing in the city and surrounding areas, including the neighboring city of Lysychansk, endangering the civilian population, preventing civilian evacuations, and hindering the delivery of vital relief assistance. The lack of humanitarian access to the area has resulted in growing humanitarian needs and extensive shortages of critical supplies, including safe drinking water, food, and medicine, international media report. Local residents' access to health care is particularly limited, as GoRF–GoU hostilities have resulted in the damage or destruction of nearly 20 hospitals in the two cities since the GoRF invasion of Ukraine began on February 24, according to the UN. As of June 15, only one medical facility remained operational in Lysychansk. To date, the GoRF and GoU have failed to reach an agreement to facilitate the evacuation of civilians or delivery of humanitarian assistance to the area.

Armed clashes and artillery strikes have also intensified in non-GoU-controlled areas (NGCAs) of Donetsk in recent days, generating civilian casualties, damaging critical infrastructure, and threatening relief workers. Artillery strikes damaged an apartment complex and market in Donetsk *Oblast's*

Donetsk city on June 13, not far from a UN compound, the UN reports. On the same day, at least five health facilities—including a maternity ward—were hit by shelling in the city. Dozens of civilians have reportedly been killed or injured during armed clashes in Donetsk in recent days, according to the UN.

Meanwhile, GoRF forces have intensified attacks in areas of northern and southern Ukraine in mid-June, endangering civilians and damaging infrastructure, according to international media. A GoRF air-launched rocket attack struck a suburb outside Sumy *Oblast's* Sumy city on June 16, resulting in four civilian deaths and injuries to six others. Moreover, on June 14, a GoRF missile strike on Kharkiv *Oblast's* Kharkiv city resulted in an unknown number of civilian casualties and damage to civilian infrastructure, while artillery strikes resulted in the death of one civilian and injuries to five others. Meanwhile, in southern Ukraine, GoRF missile and rocket strikes resulted in several civilian casualties and significant damage to residential buildings in Mykolayiv *Oblast* on June 15 and 16, international media report.

U.S. Ambassador to Ukraine Visits IDP Collective Center in Kyiv

On June 7, newly arrived U.S. Ambassador to Ukraine Bridget A. Brink visited an internally displaced persons (IDP) collective center in Kyiv *Oblast's* Irpin city, where GoRF attacks and intense clashes resulted in significant destruction to residential infrastructure between March and late April.

Approximately 120 local residents who lost their housing during the fighting are currently sheltering at the collective center, which is supported by USAID/BHA partner the International Organization for Migration (IOM). During the visit, IDPs and other residents of Irpin who had either remained in the city while under GoRF attack or had previously fled the city and since returned relayed their experiences to Ambassador Brink.

With funding from USAID/BHA and other donors, IOM is providing food, shelter, and WASH assistance to meet the emergency needs of IDP populations in collective centers and individuals still living in conflict hotspots throughout Ukraine. The UN agency is also supporting camp management activities to ensure that humanitarian standards are met in collective centers.

Border Crossings from Ukraine Into Neighboring Countries Decline as Returns Rise

Nearly 2.2 million Ukrainians crossed back into Ukraine from neighboring western countries between February 28 and May 25, according to a recent report by the Office of the UN High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) and the INGO REACH. Border crossing data indicates that population movements out of Ukraine continue to decline, while the number of returns has increased in recent weeks. Of the more than 3,000 returnees surveyed for the report, more than 80 percent returned to Ukraine from Poland, with the remaining 20 percent returning from Slovakia, Romania, Moldova, and Hungary. More than one-half of the surveyed returnees reported returning to Ukraine due to perceived security improvements in their areas of origin, while 25 percent of respondents indicated that they were returning for temporary visits or to reunite with family. While many return movements to Ukraine are temporary due to unpredictable security conditions, nearly half of interviewed returnees expressed intentions to permanently remain in Ukraine.

KEY FIGURES



87,000

Number of USAID/BHA-provided high-thermal blankets delivered for distribution in Ukraine



\$207 Million

In dedicated FY 2022 USAID/BHA funding for life-saving food assistance

U.S. GOVERNMENT RESPONSE

LOGISTICS AND RELIEF COMMODITIES

USAID/BHA partners are working to transport relief commodities to Ukraine from neighboring countries and distribute these items to conflict-affected individuals, as security conditions permit. Between late February and late April, USAID/BHA provided IOM approximately 87,000 blankets and 18,500 kitchen sets to improve living conditions for displaced people; 20,000 High Energy Biscuits (HEBs) to meet emergency food needs; and 4,800 10-liter water containers, as well as water tanks and treatment units, to improve access to safe drinking water and prevent disease among communities in Ukraine.

Moreover, USAID/BHA is supporting the UN World Food Program (WFP) to lead the Logistics and Emergency Telecommunications (ETC) clusters—the coordinating bodies for humanitarian logistics and ETC activities, comprising UN agencies, NGOs, and other stakeholders. As part of its role as the Logistics Cluster lead, WFP is coordinating logistics services for the broader humanitarian response, developing common advocacy to address logistical challenges, facilitating humanitarian convoys and corridors to hard-to-reach areas, and establishing logistics bases to consolidate and prioritize humanitarian cargo deliveries. As of early June, the Logistics Cluster had facilitated the movement of approximately 13,000 metric tons (MT) of humanitarian assistance for distribution to conflict-affected households in Ukraine since late February.

Meanwhile, State/PRM is supporting IOM and UNHCR to provide logistics support to the refugee response in neighboring countries.

FOOD SECURITY

To meet increasing food needs among conflict-affected individuals, WFP is scaling up operations to assist up to 6 million people in Ukraine and neighboring countries by June with USAID/BHA and other donor support. As part of this effort, USAID/BHA is funding WFP to procure and distribute more than 67,900 MT of in-kind food assistance to support approximately 1.3 million people and deliver HEBs sufficient to meet immediate food needs for 239,000 people for five days in Ukraine. This assistance will help people fleeing active fighting, households who have lost income sources due to conflict, and other conflict-affected populations access the food they need. Overall, WFP had reached at least 5.4 million individuals with emergency food assistance and cash distributions in Ukraine as of June 1. USAID/BHA is also supporting Catholic Relief Services (CRS) to provide cooked meals to people in collective shelters in Moldova who have fled the war in Ukraine.



\$213 Million

In dedicated FY 2022
USAID/BHA support for
MPCA

MULTIPURPOSE CASH ASSISTANCE

The USG supports IOM, UNHCR, WFP, five INGOs, and an implementing partner to provide MPCA to help conflict-affected individuals meet their basic needs. Cash allows displaced or other conflict-affected people to access food, household items, shelter, safe drinking water, and other supplies through local markets, and provides a faster and more efficient means of reaching vulnerable communities than providing in-kind commodities.

WFP is providing MPCA to conflict-affected people for three months across Ukraine, reaching more than 890,000 displaced people with support from USAID/BHA and other donors as of May 25. Meanwhile, as of June 6, State/PRM partner UNHCR had enrolled more than 516,000 people across 12 *oblasts* in Ukraine to receive MPCA. State/PRM is also supporting IOM and UNHCR to provide MPCA to refugees in neighboring countries, as well as the UN Children's Fund (UNICEF) to provide cash assistance to vulnerable households with children in transit. As of June 3, UNHCR had enrolled nearly 181,000 people in Moldova, Poland, Romania, and Slovakia in its MPCA program.



2.1 Million

Number of people that
can receive health care
with supplies distributed
by USG partner UNICEF

HEALTH

To support the health needs of conflict-affected populations, USG humanitarian partners are providing health care supplies, medicine, and other health assistance in Ukraine and neighboring countries. USAID/BHA is supporting UNICEF, the UN World Health Organization (WHO), UNFPA, and four INGO partners to respond to emergency health needs in Ukraine, including trauma care and the provision of other essential health care services. With USG and other donor support, UNICEF provided medical supplies sufficient to treat approximately 2.1 million people across Ukraine from February 24 to May 27.

Meanwhile, USAID/BHA partner WHO had delivered 615 MT of life-saving medical supplies—including essential medicines, medical equipment, and trauma care supplies—to health facilities in Ukraine as of June 13, with the majority of items delivered to regions of the country experiencing active hostilities. With USAID/BHA support, WHO has also delivered 10 interagency emergency health kits—sufficient to provide health care for 100,000 people for three months—and five trauma and emergency surgery kits, with combined medicines and supplies to support at least 500 surgical operations in emergency situations, into Kyiv city.

State/PRM is also supporting WHO to provide health care to refugees in neighboring countries. This includes meeting urgent trauma care needs by deploying emergency medical teams; providing trauma kits, essential medical supplies and equipment, and logistics support to fill urgent gaps; and extending access to coronavirus disease (COVID-19) services to refugee populations, including vaccinations. With State/PRM support, WHO is also preventing and responding to vaccine-preventable diseases, such as measles

and polio; providing psychosocial support to vulnerable populations and frontline health care workers; and preventing sexual exploitation and abuse.

In addition, State/PRM is supporting UNFPA in Hungary, Moldova, Poland, and Slovakia to strengthen local health systems' capacity to absorb an increased refugee caseload through the deployment of mobile and static integrated community sexual and reproductive health (SRH) and GBV health units, supplies, and interventions. State/PRM is also supporting UNICEF in neighboring countries to scale up health support, including to prevent disease outbreaks and support infection prevention and control training. In addition, State/PRM is supporting IOM to provide primary health care consultations, mobile health and emergency services, and mobile psychosocial support teams.



85,000

Number of people that USAID/BHA hygiene supplies provided to IFRC and an INGO can support in Ukraine

WASH

Disaster-affected populations are often more susceptible to waterborne diseases, such as cholera and dysentery, as disasters reduce local access to hygiene items, sanitation services, and safe drinking water. In response to the GoRF invasion of Ukraine, USG humanitarian partners are providing WASH supplies to conflict-affected populations, including hygiene kits containing soap and other items to reduce disease transmission; repairing damaged WASH infrastructure; and transporting and distributing safe drinking water in conflict-affected areas. In addition, USAID/BHA also supports the WASH Cluster to provide humanitarian coordination and information management support, including sharing critical information with humanitarian partners regarding conflict incidents affecting WASH infrastructure and services.

USAID/BHA supports IOM, UNICEF, and seven INGO partners to address WASH needs in Ukraine. With support from USAID/BHA and other donors, UNICEF has facilitated access to safe drinking water for approximately 2.1 million people in Ukraine by increasing water availability in collective sites, such as IDP shelters; conducting water trucking services; and distributing bottled drinking water between late February and early June. The UN agency had also distributed WASH commodities to nearly 142,000 people across Ukraine as of late May. Furthermore, USAID/BHA has delivered 105 shipping pallets of hygiene supplies to the International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies (IFRC), 95 pallets to IOM, and 65 pallets to an INGO partner in neighboring countries for onward distribution into Ukraine; each pallet contains supplies sufficient to meet the needs of 500 people.

State/PRM partners are also providing WASH assistance to conflict-affected communities in Ukraine and Ukrainian refugees in neighboring countries, including strengthening sanitation infrastructure in shelters and distributing hygiene kits to refugees. State/PRM is also supporting IOM to provide hygiene kits, safe drinking water, and water infrastructure.



16

Number of USG implementing partners providing essential protection services

PROTECTION

Armed conflict often exacerbates individuals' vulnerability to protection risks. People must cope with threats such as sexual violence, violence in the home, family separation, exploitative labor, and exclusion from life-saving humanitarian assistance, among other concerns. In response, USAID/BHA supports UNICEF, WHO, UNFPA, and 10 INGOs to implement protection interventions for conflict-affected populations in Ukraine. USAID/BHA partners provide MHPSS to children, persons with disabilities, and older people; operate mobile protection teams to reach remote communities with GBV prevention and response activities, legal assistance, and MHPSS; and conduct other protection activities. Furthermore, USAID/BHA is supporting UNICEF to meet the protection needs of children in displacement centers, as well as assist unaccompanied and separated children, who are particularly vulnerable to exploitation.

In addition, State/PRM partners—including IOM, UNHCR, and UNICEF—provide protection and legal services to vulnerable individuals in Ukraine and neighboring countries. Partners are establishing Blue Dots, multi-agency facilities that provide one-stop protection services and social service referrals to new refugee arrivals in neighboring countries. As of June 10, State/PRM partners had established 36 Blue Dots reaching tens of thousands of people with protection services in Bulgaria, Hungary, Italy, Moldova, Poland, Romania, and Slovakia.

In neighboring countries, State/PRM is providing protection support through IOM, UNFPA, UNHCR, and UNICEF. Services include GBV prevention and response, child protection, and MHPSS support; prevention and response to trafficking in persons; and establishment of child-friendly and women and girl-friendly spaces, which not only offer case management and referral services, but also provide areas for women and children to feel physically and emotionally safe.

CONTEXT IN BRIEF

- The GoRF commenced widespread attacks against Ukraine on February 24 after mobilizing hundreds of thousands of military forces and heavy weaponry near its border with Ukraine. Immediately prior, the GoRF had ordered forces into Donetsk and Luhansk NGCAs after recognizing the areas' independence from Ukraine on February 21.
- The GoRF invasion marked a major escalation of conflict in Ukraine, where fighting in the country's eastern *oblasts* has caused large-scale population displacement and widespread damage to infrastructure since March 2014. The heaviest fighting has occurred in the easternmost *oblasts* bordering Russia, particularly Donetsk and Luhansk; however, the large influx of IDPs from these areas has also impacted neighboring *oblasts*. The UN estimated that 2.9 million conflict-affected people in eastern Ukraine required humanitarian assistance as of early 2022 prior to the February 24 GoRF invasion.
- On February 24, USAID announced the activation of a USAID Disaster Assistance Response Team (DART) to lead the USG humanitarian response to the crisis in Ukraine, with initial staff in Rzeszów, Poland; Chişinău, Moldova; Budapest, Hungary; Bucharest, Romania; and Bratislava, Slovakia. To support the DART, USAID activated a Response Management Team (RMT) in Washington, D.C. State/PRM staff in Warsaw, Poland; Budapest, Hungary; Chişinău, Moldova; Bucharest, Romania; Bratislava, Slovakia; and Washington, D.C., also continue to support response activities.
- On November 26, 2021, U.S. Chargé d'Affaires Kristina A. Kvien renewed the disaster declaration for Ukraine for FY 2022 due to widespread displacement and continued humanitarian needs of vulnerable populations in eastern Ukraine.

USG HUMANITARIAN FUNDING FOR THE UKRAINE RESPONSE IN FY 2022¹

| IMPLEMENTING PARTNER | ACTIVITY | LOCATION | AMOUNT |
|--|--|-------------|---------------|
| Ukraine | | | |
| USAID/BHA | | | |
| IFRC | Logistics Support | Countrywide | \$20,800 |
| IOM | Logistics Support, Monitoring and Evaluation, MPCA, Shelter and Settlements, WASH | Countrywide | \$26,130,000 |
| UN Department of Safety and Security (UNDSS) | Humanitarian Coordination, Information Management, and Assessments (HCIMA) | Countrywide | \$7,113,554 |
| OCHA | HCIMA | Countrywide | \$27,500,000 |
| UN Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) | HCIMA | Countrywide | \$300,000 |
| UNFPA | Health, Protection | Countrywide | \$12,442,720 |
| UNICEF | Health, Logistics Support, Nutrition, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH | Countrywide | \$71,800,000 |
| WFP | Food Assistance—Cash Transfers, Food Vouchers, Local, Regional, and International Procurement; Logistics Support; MPCA | Countrywide | \$302,275,925 |
| WHO | Health, Logistics Support, Protection | Countrywide | \$10,000,000 |

| | | | |
|---|--|---|----------------------|
| | Health | Chernihiv, Dnipropetrovsk, Donetsk, Kharkiv, Kherson, Luhansk, Mykolayiv, Odesa, Poltava, Sumy, Zaporizhzhya | \$967,280 |
| Implementing Partners | Food Assistance, HCIMA, Health, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH | Countrywide | \$155,110,888 |
| Implementing Partners | Food Assistance, HCIMA, Health, MPCA, Nutrition, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH | Cherkasy, Chernihiv, Chernivtsi, Donetsk, Dnipropetrovsk, Ivano-Frankivsk, Khmelnytskyi, Kharkiv, Kherson, Kirovohrad, Kyiv, Luhansk, Lviv, Mykolayiv, Odesa, Poltava, Rivne, Sumy, Ternopil, Vinnytsya, Volyn, Zaporizhzhya, Zakarpattya, Zhytomyr | \$78,185,757 |
| | Logistics Support | | \$4,759,913 |
| | Program Support | | \$934,431 |
| TOTAL USAID/BHA FUNDING FOR THE UKRAINE RESPONSE | | | \$697,541,268 |
| Moldova | | | |
| CRS | Food Assistance | Chişinău | \$4,742,617 |
| TOTAL USAID/BHA FUNDING FOR THE MOLDOVA RESPONSE | | | \$4,742,617 |
| TOTAL USAID/BHA FUNDING | | | \$702,283,885 |
| STATE/PRM | | | |
| Ukraine | | | |
| Implementing Partner | Economic Recovery and Market Systems, Health, Livelihoods, Protection, WASH | Countrywide | \$20,000,000 |
| UNHCR | Health, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH | Countrywide | \$73,100,000 |
| TOTAL STATE/PRM FUNDING FOR THE UKRAINE RESPONSE | | | \$93,100,000 |
| Belarus | | | |
| UNICEF | Health, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH | Countrywide | \$400,000 |
| TOTAL STATE/PRM FUNDING FOR THE BELARUS RESPONSE | | | \$400,000 |
| Hungary | | | |
| IOM | HCIMA, Health, Livelihoods, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH | Countrywide | \$1,000,000 |
| UNFPA | Health, Protection | Countrywide | \$100,000 |
| UNHCR | HCIMA, Livelihoods, Logistics Support, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements | Countrywide | \$7,000,000 |
| UNICEF | Health, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH | Countrywide | \$600,000 |
| WHO | Health | Countrywide | \$600,000 |
| TOTAL STATE/PRM FUNDING FOR THE HUNGARY RESPONSE | | | \$9,300,000 |
| Moldova | | | |
| CRS | Shelter and Settlements, WASH | Countrywide | \$8,322,792 |
| IOM | Food Assistance, HCIMA, Health, Livelihoods, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH | Countrywide | \$5,000,000 |
| UNFPA | Health, Protection | | \$3,000,000 |
| UNHCR | HCIMA, Livelihoods, Logistics Support, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements | Countrywide | \$7,500,000 |
| UNICEF | Health, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH | Countrywide | \$900,000 |
| WHO | Health | Countrywide | \$800,000 |

| | | | |
|---|--|-------------|----------------------|
| TOTAL STATE/PRM FUNDING FOR THE MOLDOVA RESPONSE | | | \$25,522,792 |
| Poland | | | |
| IOM | Food Assistance, HCIMA, Health, Livelihoods, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH | Countrywide | \$6,800,000 |
| UNFPA | Health, Protection | Countrywide | \$100,000 |
| UNHCR | HCIMA, Livelihoods, Logistics Support, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements | Countrywide | \$25,000,000 |
| UNICEF | Health, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH | Countrywide | \$14,700,000 |
| WHO | Health | Countrywide | \$1,300,000 |
| TOTAL STATE/PRM FUNDING FOR THE POLAND RESPONSE | | | \$47,900,000 |
| Romania | | | |
| IOM | Food Assistance, HCIMA, Health, Livelihoods, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH | Countrywide | \$1,300,000 |
| UNFPA | Health, Protection | Countrywide | \$100,000 |
| UNHCR | HCIMA, Livelihoods, Logistics Support, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements | Countrywide | \$7,500,000 |
| UNICEF | Health, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH | Countrywide | \$1,100,000 |
| WHO | Health | Countrywide | \$300,000 |
| TOTAL STATE/PRM FUNDING FOR THE ROMANIA RESPONSE | | | \$10,300,000 |
| Slovakia | | | |
| IOM | Food Assistance, HCIMA, Health, Livelihoods, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH | Countrywide | \$800,000 |
| UNFPA | Health, Protection | Countrywide | \$100,000 |
| UNHCR | HCIMA, Livelihoods, Logistics Support, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements | Countrywide | \$2,000,000 |
| UNICEF | Health, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH | Countrywide | \$600,000 |
| WHO | Health | Countrywide | \$300,000 |
| TOTAL STATE/PRM FUNDING FOR THE SLOVAKIA RESPONSE | | | \$3,800,000 |
| Europe Regional | | | |
| IOM | Food Assistance, HCIMA, Health, Livelihoods, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements, WASH | Countrywide | \$10,300,000 |
| UNHCR | HCIMA, Livelihoods, Logistics Support, MPCA, Protection, Shelter and Settlements | Countrywide | \$11,000,000 |
| TOTAL STATE/PRM FUNDING FOR THE EUROPE REGIONAL RESPONSE | | | \$21,300,000 |
| TOTAL STATE/PRM FUNDING | | | \$211,622,792 |
| TOTAL USG HUMANITARIAN FUNDING FOR THE UKRAINE RESPONSE IN FY 2022 | | | \$913,906,677 |

¹ Year of funding indicates the date of commitment or obligation, not appropriation, of funds. Funding figures reflect a portion of publicly announced funding that has been committed or obligated as of June 15, 2022.

PUBLIC DONATION INFORMATION

- The most effective way people can assist relief efforts is by making cash contributions to humanitarian organizations that are conducting relief operations. A list of humanitarian organizations that are accepting cash donations for disaster responses around the world can be found at [interaction.org](https://www.interaction.org).
- USAID encourages cash donations because they allow aid professionals to procure the exact items needed (often in the affected region); reduce the burden on scarce resources (such as transportation routes, staff time, and warehouse space); can be transferred very quickly and without transportation costs; support the economy of the disaster-stricken region; and ensure culturally, dietarily, and environmentally appropriate assistance.
- More information can be found at:
 - USAID Center for International Disaster Information: [cidi.org](https://www.cidi.org)
 - Information on relief activities of the humanitarian community can be found at [reliefweb.int](https://www.reliefweb.int).

USAID/BHA bulletins appear on the USAID website at [usaid.gov/humanitarian-assistance/where-we-work](https://www.usaid.gov/humanitarian-assistance/where-we-work)